Eaton directional valves offer versatility of application for the many directional control requirements of hydraulic machinery. Ruggedness of design, manufacturing quality, and worldwide parts and service availability maximize uptime, resulting in greater profits for your company.

Manual Lever/Cam/Plunger Valves
These valves are available in an NFPA D03 interface.

These valves are rated at flows to 75 l/min (20 USgpm) and 350 bar (5000 psi) maximum pressure. Roller cam, plunger, spring offset, detented, spring centered, knob or lever operated models are available.

Air Operated
Available in an NFPA D03 interface with rated flows to 75 l/min (20 USgpm) and maximum pressure of 350 bar (5000 psi).

Hydraulic Pilot Operated
Available in an NFPA D03 interface. Valves are rated at flows to 151 l/min (40 USgpm) and maximum pressure of 350 bar (5000 psi).

Feature and Benefits
- High pressure and flow capability for maximum cost-effectiveness
- Low-shock characteristics to maximize machine life
- Choice of five types of control to satisfy applications where electrical control is not appropriate

Manual Lever/Cam/Plunger Operated Directional Valve
DG3/17/18/20/21-3 60 Design
General Description

Five types of valve are available with different controls primarily for controlling the starting, stopping and direction of fluid flow in a system.

The valves are developed from the well-known series of DG4V-3-60 series solenoid operated valves (see Eaton literature # GB-C-2015). These manual valves are available with a choice of up to nine different spool types, depending on valve configuration. All spools have been designed to provide good low-shock characteristics. External regulation of the control input by hydraulic, lever, pneumatic, cam or plunger operation allows matching to virtually any requirement where electrical control is not appropriate.

Models include no-spring, spring offset, spring centered and detented versions.

DG3V-3-*-60 Hydraulic Operated

The hydraulic operated DG3V-3-*-60 directional valves are used to control the direction of flow in a hydraulic circuit, which would control the movement of a work cylinder or the rotation of a fluid motor.

DG**V-3-*-60 Lever/Cam/Plunger Operated

Operating Information

The DG21V-3 plunger operator valves are internally drained to port T. They may be used only when surges or back pressure in the tank line cannot overcome the force applied to depress the plunger.

DG17/20/21 models must be released from actuated positions, without restriction to ensure proper spring return.

Manual lever and cam operations must be released from their actuated positions, without any restrictions to spring return.

Cam operated directional control valve installation recommendations:

- Maximum cam angle 35°
- Cam travel for dead band of 9° 30’ on either side of center for closed center spools for 35° cam.
- This dead band should be taken into consideration when designing cam and system circuits.
- Cam should not drive roller at its vertical centerline to avoid any side loading on roller lever mechanism.

Actuation Force

Under rated conditions*, the approximate actuation force will be as shown in the chart below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Valve type</th>
<th>Force Nm (lbf.*)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DG17V-3-*A</td>
<td>22 - 31 (5 to 7)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DG17V-3-*C</td>
<td>13 - 22 (3 to 5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DG17V-3-*N</td>
<td>22 - 31 (5 to 7)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DG17V-3-*A</td>
<td>53 - 62 (12 to 14)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DG17V-3-*C</td>
<td>45 - 53 (10 to 12)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DG17V-3-*A</td>
<td>100-250 (22 to 56)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Tank return must be designed so that transient tank line pressure peake do not exceed 6.9 bar (100 psi). For tank return line pressure in excess of 6.9 bar (100 psi) lever movement must be assisted.

Note:

In right hand assembly, operator “A” is always removed. In left hand assembly, operator “B” is always removed. Please note that European designations are the opposite. See diagram on the nameplate of the valve for operator (port) identification.

DG18V-3-**-60 Air Operated

Eaton air operated DG18V-3-**-60 directional control valves come in four basic versions: 3 position spring centered; 2 position spring detent; 2 position spring offset to port A, B operator; 2 position spring offset to port B, A operator.

Note:

Manual actuator in end cap feature (F2) available on single operator models only. In right hand assembly, operator “A” is always removed. In left hand assembly, operator “B” is always removed. See identification plate on top of valve for operator (port) identification.

For every 3.3 bar (50 psi) increase in tank line pressure the air pilot pressure must be increased 0.07 bar (1 psi). Maximum tank line pressure is 100 bar (1450 psi).

Nameplate identification label is asymmetrical and fixes the “A” and “B” operators in relation to the “P” port. Designers should note for installation on vertical panels.

On all right hand models, when operator “A” is pressurized, flow is always P to A. When operator “B” is pressurized, flow is always P to B. Operators “A” and “B” are identified on the identification plate on top of the valve. For left hand assembly this is reversed (P to B when the “A” operator is pressurized).

Shift Time

Shift time is essentially dependent upon pilot pressure, line length and diameter, and speed of control mechanism. Spring return time from the offset to center position is approximately 45 msec. at rated flow and pressure assuming minimal back pressure in the pilot line.

Shifting Action

Spring centered and spring offset types will be spring positioned unless sufficient pilot pressure is maintained at pilot port to shift and hold the valve spool. No-spring (offered as pilot valves for no-spring detented models only) require only momentary pressurization of pilot port to shift spool (approx. 0.1 seconds).

When pilot pressure is relieved, spool will remain in last position attained provided there is no severe shock, vibration or unusual pressure transients.

Note:

Surges of oil in a common tank line serving these and other valves can be of sufficient magnitude to cause inadvertent shifting of these valves. This is particularly critical in the no-spring and no-spring detented type valves. Separate tank lines or a vented manifold with a continuous downward path to tank is preferred.

Any sliding spool, if held shifted under pressure for long periods of time, may stick and not spring return due to fluid residue formation (siling) and therefore, should be cycled periodically to prevent this from happening.

If this valve is used for purposes other than a 4-way valve or as shown in the graphical symbol on the valve, consult your distributor or sales engineer.

Mounting Position

There is no restriction on mounting of spring centered or spring offset models. Detented models must be mounted with the spool bore horizontal to reduce the possibility of accidental spool shift due to shock and/or vibration.

Port Connections

Port connections are made by mounting the valve on a manifold or subplate having mounting dimensions which conform to NFPA-D03 (ISO-4401-03) configurations.
### Valve Type

**3** – Hydraulically operated
**V** – 350 bar (5000 psi) on P, A & B ports
**3** – ISO 4401-03 (CETOP 3, NFPA D03) ISO 4401-AB-03-4-B

### Spool Type

Refer page 6 for spool type

### Spool Spring Arrangement

- **A** – Spring offset, end-to-end
- **AL** – Same as “A” but left hand build
- **B** – Spring offset, end to center
- **BL** – Same as “B” but left hand build
- **C** – Spring centered

### Manual Override Option

A, B & F models in non-operator end

- **P1** – Manual override

### Tank Pressure Limit

**7** – 210 bar (3000 psi)

### Thread for Pilot/Drain Connection

- **P** – G1/8” NPT threads

### Tank Port Rating

- **2** – 10 bar max for DG21V only

### Design

Installation dimensions remain as shown for design numbers 60 thru 69.
Model Code

1. Valve Type
   18 – Air Operated
   V – 350 bar (5000 psi) on P, A & B ports
   3 – ISO 4401-03 (CETOP 3, NFPA D03) ISO 4401-AB-03-4-B

2. Spool Type (center condition)
   Refer page 8 for spool type

3. Spool Spring
   Arrangement
   A – Spring offset to A, (single operator)
   AL – Spring offset to B, L.H. build (single operator)
   B – Spring centered, operator A removed (single operator)
   BL – Spring centered, operator B removed (single operator)
   C – Spring centered (dual operator)
   F – Spring offset, shift to center (single operator)

4. Manual Override Option
   (Applicable for A(L), B(L) & F(L) models only)
   Blank – Overrides in operator end only
   P2 – Override in both ends of single operators

5. Actuator Identity
   Blank – Standard arrangement (i.e. apply air to operator A to give flow P to A) (Ref. US ANSI B93.9)
   V – Operator identification determined by position of operator (i.e. operator A at A port end of valve operator B at B port end of valve)

Note: Type 8 spool conforms to both methods. All type 8 spools must designate V in model code.

6. Pilot Source Thread Connections
   P – 1/8” NPT threads
   B – 1/8” BSP threads

7. Design
   Installation dimensions remain as shown for design numbers 60 thru 69.
## Functional Symbols

### Spool Options for DG3V-3-60

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spool Options</th>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Basic Valve Symbol</th>
<th>Usable Spool Options</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>DG3V-3.**</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Symbol" /></td>
<td>0, 2, 6 &amp; 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>DG3V-3.**A</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Symbol" /></td>
<td>0, 2, 6 &amp; 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>DG3V-3.**A-T</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Symbol" /></td>
<td>0, 2, 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>DG3V-3.**B</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Symbol" /></td>
<td>0, 2, 3, 6 &amp; 33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>DG3V-3.**B-T</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Symbol" /></td>
<td>0, 2, 3, 6 &amp; 33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>DG3V-3.**C</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Symbol" /></td>
<td>0, 2, 3, 6 &amp; 33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DG3V-3.**F-T</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Symbol" /></td>
<td>0, 2, 3, 6 &amp; 33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DG3V-3.**N</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Symbol" /></td>
<td>0, 2, 6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Single operator models marked • are optionally available with a manual override in the non-operator end only. Models with operators at both ends are not available with manual overrides.

- Full flow
- Restricted flow

**NOTE:**

a) Pilot pressure must always exceed drain line pressure or, for internally drained valves, the T-line pressure by at least the requisite minimum pilot pressure. Open-center spools (0, 1 and 8) should be used only in externally drained valves.

b) Internally drained valves may be used only when surges in the tank line cannot possibly overcome the minimum pilot pressure differential referred to above. When the possibility of pressure surges in the tank line exist externally drained valves are recommended.
# Functional Symbols

## Spool Options for DG17/20/21V-3-60

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spool Options</th>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Basic Valve Symbol</th>
<th>Usable Spool Options</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>DG17V-3**A</td>
<td><img src="image1" alt="Basic Valve Symbol" /></td>
<td>0, 2, 6, &amp; 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DG20V-3**A</td>
<td><img src="image2" alt="Basic Valve Symbol" /></td>
<td>0, 2, 6, &amp; 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>DG20V-3**A2</td>
<td><img src="image3" alt="Basic Valve Symbol" /></td>
<td>0, 2, 6 &amp; 33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>DG20V-3**A2L</td>
<td><img src="image4" alt="Basic Valve Symbol" /></td>
<td>0, 2, 6 &amp; 33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>DG17V-3**C</td>
<td><img src="image5" alt="Basic Valve Symbol" /></td>
<td>0, 2, 6, 7 &amp; 33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DG20V-3**C</td>
<td><img src="image6" alt="Basic Valve Symbol" /></td>
<td>0, 2, 6, &amp; 33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>DG17V-3**8C</td>
<td><img src="image7" alt="Basic Valve Symbol" /></td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>DG17V-3**N</td>
<td><img src="image8" alt="Basic Valve Symbol" /></td>
<td>0, 2, 6, 7 &amp; 33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>DG21V-3-2A</td>
<td><img src="image9" alt="Basic Valve Symbol" /></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DG21V-3-2AL</td>
<td><img src="image10" alt="Basic Valve Symbol" /></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![Full flow](image11)

![Restricted flow](image12)
# Functional Symbols

Spool Options for DG18V-3-**-60

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spool Options</th>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Basic Valve Symbol</th>
<th>Usable Spool Options</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>DG18V-3-**A</td>
<td><img src="Symbol1" alt="Symbol" /></td>
<td>0, 2, 6, 7 &amp; 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>DG18V-3-**B</td>
<td><img src="Symbol2" alt="Symbol" /></td>
<td>0, 1, 2, 3, 6, 7 &amp; 33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>DG18V-3-**B</td>
<td><img src="Symbol3" alt="Symbol" /></td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>DG18V-3-**C</td>
<td><img src="Symbol4" alt="Symbol" /></td>
<td>0, 1, 2, 3, 6 &amp; 33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>DG18V-3-**C</td>
<td><img src="Symbol5" alt="Symbol" /></td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>DG18V-3-**F</td>
<td><img src="Symbol6" alt="Symbol" /></td>
<td>0, 1, 2, 3, 6, 7 &amp; 33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>DG18V-3-**N</td>
<td><img src="Symbol7" alt="Symbol" /></td>
<td>0, 2, 6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Single operator models marked • are optionally available with a manual override in the non-operator end only. Models with operators at both ends are not available with manual overrides.

- Full flow
- Restricted flow

**NOTE:**

- Pilot pressure must always exceed drain line pressure or, for internally drained valves, the T-line pressure by at least the requisite minimum pilot pressure. Open-center spools (0, 1 and 8) should be used only in externally drained valves.
- Internally drained valves may be used only when surges in the tank line cannot possibly overcome the minimum pilot pressure differential referred to above. When the possibility of pressure surges in the tank line exist externally drained valves are recommended.
Operating Data

**DG3V-3-*-60 Hydraulic Operator**

- **Maximum flow:** See chart on page 9.
- **Maximum operating pressure:** 350 bar (5000 psi)
- **Maximum tank line pressure:** 210 bar (3000 psi)
- **Minimum pilot pressure:** See chart on page 9.
- **Recommended fluid viscosity range:** 13-54 cSt
- **Weight:** 1,2 kg (2.5 lbs.)

**Operating Data**

Control (swept) volume(s):

- **DG3V-3**A(L) models, end-to-end: 0,8 cm³ (0.050 in³)
- **DG3V-3**B(L)/F(L) models: center-to-end 0,4 cm³ (0.025 in³)
- **DG3V-3**C/N models: center-to-end 0,4 cm³ (0.025 in³)
  
  end-to-end 0,8 cm³ (0.050 in³)

DG3V-3**N** no-spring and detented valves require only momentary pilot pressurization to shift spool (in approx. 0.1 seconds). All other models require pilot pressure to be maintained to shift and hold the spool.

**DG17/20/21-3-*-60 Lever/Cam/Plunger Operator**

- **Maximum flow:** 75 l/min (20 USgpm)
- **Maximum operating pressure:** (A, B & P ports) 350 bar (5000 psi)
- **Maximum tank line operating pressure:** 6,9 bar (100 psi)
- **Minimum pilot pressure:** 100 bar (1450 psi)
  
  10 bar (145 psi) DG21 model only
- **Recommended viscosity range:** 14 - 86 cSt (75 - 400 SUS)

@ 18°C to 66°C (0°F to 150°F)

**Weights:**

- **DG17V Lever operated** 1,8 kg (4.0 lbs)
- **DG20V Cam operated** 1,2 kg (2.5 lbs)
- **DG21V Plunger operated** 1,2 kg (2.5 lbs)

**DG18V-3-*-60 Air Operator**

- **Maximum flow:** 75 l/min (20 USgpm)
- **Maximum operating pressure:** (A, B & P ports) 350 bar (5000 psi)
- **Maximum tank line operating pressure**: 100 bar (1450 psi)
- **Minimum air pilot pressure:** 10 bar (150 psi)
- **Operating temperature range:** -18°C to 66°C (0°F to 150°F)
- **Mounting interface:** ISO 4401-03, CETOP 3 (NFPA D03)
- **Recommended viscosity range:** 14 - 86 cSt (75 - 400 SUS)

**Weights:**

- **Dual operator models** 1,5 kg (3.4 lbs.)
- **Single operator models** 1,2 kg (2.7 lbs.)

* For every 3,3 bar (50 psi) increase in tank line pressure, the air pilot pressure must be increased 0,07 bar (1 psi).

**Operating Data**

Control (swept) volume(s):

- **DG18V-3**A(L) end-to-end 3,6 cm³ (0.219 in³)
- **DG18V-3**B(L)/F(L) center-to-end 1,8 cm³ (0.109 in³)
- **DG3V-3**C/N center-to-end 1,8 cm³ (0.109 in³)
  
  end-to-end 3,6 cm³ (0.219 in³)
Performance Data
DG3V-3-*A(L)

Pilot Pressure Requirements
The spools require the minimum pilot pressures shown in the graph below to overcome the spring force and any flow forces. Some spools are limited by the ability to spring return the valve.
Minimum pilot pressure required at a flow rate of 20 l/min (5.5 USgpm):

Maximum Flow Rates
Some spools are limited in the conditions they will operate without reliability problems. These are the single ended spools which must operate within limits outlined in the graph below.

Pressure Drop Characteristics
The pressure drop curves give approximate pressure drop ΔP when passing 21 cSt (100 SUS) fluid(s) having .87 specific gravity.
For any other viscosity the pressure drop ΔP will change as follows:

Viscosity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>cSt</th>
<th>14</th>
<th>32</th>
<th>43</th>
<th>54</th>
<th>65</th>
<th>76</th>
<th>86</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SUS</td>
<td>(75)</td>
<td>(150)</td>
<td>(200)</td>
<td>(250)</td>
<td>(300)</td>
<td>(350)</td>
<td>(400)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of ΔP</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>111</td>
<td>119</td>
<td>126</td>
<td>132</td>
<td>137</td>
<td>141</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For any other specific gravity (G₁) * the pressure drop ΔP will be approximately:

\[ \Delta P_1 = \Delta P (\frac{G_1}{G}) \]

* Specific gravity of fluid may be obtained from its producer. Fire-resistant fluids have higher specific gravities than oil.

Spool malfunction limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spool/Spring</th>
<th>Curve</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0A(L)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0C</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0F(L)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2A(L)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2C</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2F(L)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6A(L)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6C</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6F(L)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22A</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33C</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: For spools types 3 and 6, not recommended for flows in excess of 60 l/min (15.8 USgpm).

Spool/Spring

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spool/Spring</th>
<th>P to A</th>
<th>A to T</th>
<th>P to B</th>
<th>A to T</th>
<th>P to T</th>
<th>Max flow l/min (USgpm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>38 (10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0A</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>38 (10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0B, 0C, 0F</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>38 (10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0N</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>38 (10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>38 (10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2A</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>38 (10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2B, 2C, 2F</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>38 (10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2N</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>38 (10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3B, 3C, 3F</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>38 (10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>38 (10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6A</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>38 (10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6B, 6C, 6F</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>38 (10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6N</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>38 (10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22A</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>38 (10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33B, 33C, 33F</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>▲</td>
<td>38 (10)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

▲ Type “33” spool at center will pass approx. 20 l/min (5.3 USgpm) at 124 bar (1800 psi) pressure drop from port A or B (the other being plugged) to T.
▼ Transient condition.
See graph above, Max. Flow Rates.
Performance Data
DG17V-3

### DG17V-3-**-60 Pressure drop curve reference chart

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spool Type</th>
<th>P→A</th>
<th>B→T</th>
<th>P→B</th>
<th>A→T</th>
<th>P→T @CENTER</th>
<th>Maximum flow @ 350 bar</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0C&quot;</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>75 l/min (20 USgpm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2C&quot;</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;6C&quot;</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;7C&quot;</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;33C&quot;</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>**</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0A&quot;</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2A&quot;</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;6A&quot;</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;22A&quot;</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>---</td>
<td></td>
<td>55 l/min (15 USgpm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0N&quot;</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>75 l/min (20 USgpm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2N&quot;</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;6N&quot;</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>55 l/min (15 USgpm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;7N&quot;</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td>38 l/min (10 USgpm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;33N&quot;</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>**</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note type "33" spool at center will pass approximately 20 l/min. (5.3 USgpm)
at 124 bar (1798 psi) inlet pressure.

The pressure drop curves give approximate pressure drop ΔP when passing 36 cSt (100 SUS) fluid(s) having .87 specific gravity.

For any other viscosity the pressure drop ΔP will change as follows:

#### Viscosity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>cSt (SUS)</th>
<th>14 (75)</th>
<th>32 (150)</th>
<th>43 (200)</th>
<th>54 (250)</th>
<th>65 (300)</th>
<th>76 (350)</th>
<th>86 (400)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>% of ΔP</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>111</td>
<td>119</td>
<td>126</td>
<td>132</td>
<td>137</td>
<td>141</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For any other specific gravity (G₁)* the pressure drop ΔP will be approximately: \[ ΔP₁ = ΔP \left( \frac{G₁}{G} \right) \]

* Specific gravity of fluid may be obtained from its producer.
### Performance Data

**DG20/21V-3**

| Spool Type | P→A | B→T | P→B | A→T | P→T| Maximum flow @ 350 bar
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(5000 psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0C&quot;</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>75 l/min (20 USgpm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2C&quot;</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;6C&quot;</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;33C&quot;</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>**</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0A&quot;</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>38 l/min (10 USgpm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2A&quot;</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;33A&quot;</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;6A&quot;</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>19 l/min (5 USgpm)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note type "33" spool at center will pass approximately 20 l/min. (5.3 USgpm) at 124 bar (1798 psi) inlet pressure.**

The pressure drop curves give approximate pressure drop $\Delta P$ when passing 36 cSt (100 SUS) fluid(s) having .87 specific gravity.

For any other viscosity the pressure drop $\Delta P$ will change as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Viscosity</th>
<th>cSt (SUS)</th>
<th>14 (75)</th>
<th>32 (150)</th>
<th>43 (200)</th>
<th>54 (250)</th>
<th>65 (300)</th>
<th>76 (350)</th>
<th>86 (400)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>% of $\Delta P$ (Approx.)</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>111</td>
<td>119</td>
<td>126</td>
<td>132</td>
<td>137</td>
<td>141</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For any other specific gravity ($G_1$)* the pressure drop $\Delta P$ will be approximately: $\Delta P_1 = \Delta P (G_1 / G)$

* Specific gravity of fluid may be obtained from its producer.
### Performance Data
DG18V-3

#### DG 18V-3--60

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Valve type</th>
<th>&quot;0&quot;</th>
<th>&quot;1&quot;</th>
<th>&quot;2&quot;</th>
<th>&quot;3&quot;</th>
<th>&quot;6&quot;</th>
<th>&quot;7&quot;</th>
<th>&quot;8&quot;</th>
<th>&quot;33&quot;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;22A&quot;</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;3A&quot;</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>(15)</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;3B&quot;</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>57*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;3C&quot;</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>57*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;3F&quot;</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>57*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;33A&quot;</td>
<td>53</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* 2 bar (30 psi) air pilot pressure required

#### Pressure drop curve reference chart

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spool type</th>
<th>P-A</th>
<th>B-T</th>
<th>P-B</th>
<th>A-T</th>
<th>P-T @Center</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0B&quot;</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1B&quot;</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2B&quot;</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;3B&quot;</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;6B&quot;</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;7B&quot;</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;8B&quot;</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;33B&quot;</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>**</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0A&quot;</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2A&quot;</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;6A&quot;</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;7A&quot;</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;22A&quot;</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0N&quot;</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2N&quot;</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;6N&quot;</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

** NOTE: Type "33" spool at center, will approximately pass 20 l/min. (5.3 USgpm) at 124 bar (1798 psi) inlet pressure.

### Flow - USgpm

The pressure drop curves give approximate pressure drop $\Delta P$ when passing 36 cSt (100 SUS) fluid(s) having a specific gravity of .87.

For any other viscosity the pressure drop $\Delta P$ will change as follows:

#### Viscosity

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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>% of $\Delta P$ (Approx.)</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>111</td>
<td>119</td>
<td>126</td>
<td>132</td>
<td>137</td>
<td>141</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For any other specific gravity ($G_1$) * the pressure drop $\Delta P$ will be approximately: $\Delta P = \Delta P \frac{G_1}{G}$

* Specific gravity of fluid may be obtained from its producer.
Installation Dimensions

DG3V-3-*-60

DG3V-3-*-60 Hydraulic Operated

Millimeters (inches)

Location pin

"P" Port

"A" Port

"B" Port

"T" Port

Pilot/drain connection

B - G \( \frac{1}{8} \) thread

S - SAE straight thread

(\( \frac{7}{16} \) - 20 UNF)

Manual override

DG3V-3-**A - T - 7 - * - 60
DG3V-3-**B - T - 7 - * - 60
DG3V-3-**F - T - 7 - * - 60

DG3V-3-**(L)
DG3V-3-**A(L)
DG3V-3-**B(L)
DG3V-3-**C
DG3V-3-**N
Installation Dimensions

DG17V-3-*-*-60

DG17V-3-*-*-60 Lever Operated

Millimeters (inches)

Position #1

13°

Position #2

13°

Position #3

Ø 5,45 (.215)
5,30 (.209)

50,0
1,97

21,8
.86

23,0
.91

46,0
1.81

46,0
1.81

110,8
4.36

40,6
1.60

Ø 31,8
(1.25)

151,3
5.96

3,1
.12

Ø 3,0
4,0
(1.20)

Ø 5,3 (.21) thru, c’bored
Ø 9 (.35) to depth shown, 4 holes
Installation Dimensions
DG20V-3-*-60

DG20V-3-*-60 Cam Operated
Millimeters (inches)

Roller can be relocated to any desired position

Roller can be inverted

Position #1

Position #2

Position #3

Roller can be relocated to any desired position

EATON DG3/17/20/21/18V-3-10 Design E-VLVI-SS001-E1 October 2015
Installation Dimensions
DG2V-3-A(L)-2-60

DG2V-3-A(L)-2-60 Plunger Operated
Millimeters (inches)

Operating force is dependent on hydraulic conditions and from 100-250 Nm (22-56 lb ft), must be applied axially.

A B

\( \emptyset 5.3 (.21) \text{ thru, c`bored} \)
\( \emptyset 9 (.35) \text{ to depth shown, 4 holes} \)

\( 50.0 (1.97) \)
\( 57.2 (2.25) \)
\( 56.1 (2.21) \)

\( 17 (.67) \)

\( 3.1 (.12) \)
\( 24.5 (.96) \)
\( 74 (2.91) \)

\( 57.2 (2.25) \)
\( 56.1 (2.21) \)

Max. stroke .15

Nom. stroke .14

3.5

3,7

21.8 (.86)

40.5 (1.59)

74 (2.91)
Installation Dimensions

DG18V-3-*-60 Air Operated
Millimeters (inches)

DG18V-3-*-P2-*-60

Air pilot connections may be rotated 90° each side of center.

Cover mounting screw torque
3.5 - 4.0 N.m
(30 - 36 lbf.in.)

Air pilot conn. for “B” models 1/8” BSP

Manual actuator

Operator “B”
(For “V” models operator “A”)

Vent hole
Do not block

Manual actuator

Cover mounting screw torque
3.5 - 4.0 N.m
(30 - 36 lbf.in.)

Air pilot conn. for “P” models 1/8” NPT
Installation Dimensions

DG18V-3-*-*-60

DG18V-3-*-*-60 Air Operated
Millimeters (inches)

Cover mounting screw torque
3.5 – 4.0 N.m. (30 – 36 lbf. in.)

Air pilot connections may be rotated 90° each side of center.

Vent hole
Do not block