Form 6 microprocessor-based yard mount recloser control installation and operation instructions

For Type F6-Y2 Control, Serial Numbers above 10,000 or beginning with CP57.
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Contents

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY ..................................... II

SAFETY FOR LIFE .................................................. IV

SAFETY INFORMATION .............................................. IV
  Safety instructions ................................................... iv

PRODUCT INFORMATION ........................................... 1
  Introduction ......................................................... 1
  ANSI standards .................................................... 1
  Quality standards .................................................. 1
  Acceptance and initial inspection ................................. 1
  Handling and storage .............................................. 1
  Control power ...................................................... 1

FORM 6 RECLOSER CONTROL DESCRIPTION ................. 2
  Description ........................................................ 2
  Theory of operation ............................................... 2
  Control front panel ............................................... 3
  Control features .................................................. 8
  Communications .................................................. 11
  Control information .............................................. 12
  Control back panel ............................................... 12

INSTALLATION PROCEDURE ........................................ 12
  Initial programming prior to installation .......................... 12
  Control/recloser compatibility ................................... 13
  Duty cycle monitor ................................................ 14
  Locking the control ............................................... 14
  Mounting the control .............................................. 14
  Grounding the control ............................................ 16
  Customer connections for DC power and AC voltage sensing .......... 17
  Before placing the control and the recloser into service ............ 22
  Using removable inserts ......................................... 28

ACCESSORIES ..................................................... 30
  Low voltage closing ............................................... 30
  Incoming power receptacles ..................................... 30
  Cable locking sleeves ............................................ 30
  Internal voltage sensing ........................................... 30
  120 VAC GFI duplex outlet ....................................... 31
  Cabinet ordering accessories ..................................... 31
  BCT terminal blocks accessory .................................... 31
  Auxiliary terminal block accessory ................................ 31
  Discrete interface board (DIF) option accessory .................. 31
  Communication board accessories ................................ 41

TESTING .......................................................... 43
  Testing an installed control ...................................... 43
  Remove the control from service .................................. 43
  Testing with type met tester ...................................... 44
  Closing the recloser during testing ................................ 44
  Return the control to service ..................................... 48

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ......................................... 49
  Replacement kits .................................................. 49
  Factory-authorized service centers ................................ 49
  Factory testing and troubleshooting classes ...................... 49
Eaton meets or exceeds all applicable industry standards relating to product safety in its Cooper Power™ series products. We actively promote safe practices in the use and maintenance of our products through our service literature, instructional training programs, and the continuous efforts of all Eaton employees involved in product design, manufacture, marketing, and service.

We strongly urge that you always follow all locally-approved safety procedures and safety instructions when working around high-voltage lines and equipment, and support our “Safety For Life” mission.

### Safety information

The instructions in this manual are not intended as a substitute for proper training or adequate experience in the safe operation of the equipment described. Only competent technicians who are familiar with this equipment should install, operate, and service it.

A competent technician has these qualifications:

- Is thoroughly familiar with these instructions.
- Is trained in industry-accepted high- and low-voltage safe operating practices and procedures.
- Is trained and authorized to energize, de-energize, clear, and ground power distribution equipment.
- Is trained in the care and use of protective equipment such as arc flash clothing, safety glasses, face shield, hard hat, rubber gloves, clampstick, hotstick, etc.

Following is important safety information. For safe installation and operation of this equipment, be sure to read and understand all cautions and warnings.

#### Hazard Statement Definitions

This manual may contain four types of hazard statements:

- **DANGER** Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

- **WARNING** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

- **CAUTION** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.

- **NOTICE** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in equipment damage only.

### Safety instructions

Following are general caution and warning statements that apply to this equipment. Additional statements, related to specific tasks and procedures, are located throughout the manual.

#### DANGER

Hazardous voltage. Contact with hazardous voltage will cause death or severe personal injury. Follow all locally-approved safety procedures when working around high- and low-voltage lines and equipment.

#### WARNING

Before installing, operating, maintaining, or testing this equipment, carefully read and understand the contents of this manual. Improper operation, handling, or maintenance can result in death, severe personal injury, and equipment damage.

This equipment is not intended to protect human life. Follow all locally-approved procedures and safety practices when installing or operating this equipment. Failure to comply can result in death, severe personal injury, and equipment damage.

Power distribution and transmission equipment must be properly selected for the intended application. It must be installed and serviced by competent personnel who have been trained and understand proper safety procedures. These instructions are written for such personnel and are not a substitute for adequate training and experience in safety procedures. Failure to properly select, install, or maintain power distribution and transmission equipment can result in death, severe personal injury, and equipment damage.

Overlapping zones of protection are required. Upstream protection device settings must provide adequate overcurrent protection in the event of a system or product failure. Failure to properly select appropriate upstream coordination protection can result in death, severe personal injury, and equipment damage.
Product information

Introduction
Service Information MN280076EN provides installation and operation instructions for the Form 6 microprocessor-based yard mount recloser control above serial number 10,000 or beginning with CP57.

Refer to the following information as appropriate for your version of ProView software:

Read this manual first
Read and understand the contents of this manual and follow all locally approved procedures and safety practices before installing or operating this equipment.

Additional information
These instructions cannot cover all details or variations in the equipment, procedures, or process described, nor provide directions for meeting every possible contingency during installation, operation, or maintenance. When additional information is desired to satisfy a problem not covered sufficiently for the user’s purpose, contact your Eaton representative.

ANSI standards
Eaton Cooper Power series reclosers are designed and tested in accordance with the following ANSI standards: C37.60 and C37.85 and ANSI Guide C37.61.

Quality standards
ISO 9001-Certified Quality Management System

Acceptance and initial inspection
Each Form 6 yard mount recloser control is completely assembled, tested, and inspected at the factory. It is carefully calibrated, adjusted and in good condition when accepted by the carrier for shipment.

Upon receipt, inspect the carton for signs of damage. Unpack the control and inspect it thoroughly for damage incurred during shipment. If damage is discovered, file a claim with the carrier immediately.

Handling and storage
Be careful during handling and storage of the control to minimize the possibility of damage. If the control is to be stored for any length of time prior to installation, provide a clean, dry storage area. If storage is in a humid atmosphere, make provisions to keep the control circuitry energized.

Control power
All operating power is obtained from the substation battery bank. There are two power supply options available for the Form 6 recloser control. Examine the voltage decal on the back of the recloser control to verify the correct voltage rating.

The following power supply options are available and configured at the factory:
- 24 VDC ±20% Burden 14 Watts
- 40 VDC –140 VDC Burden 14 Watts

Note: The 40 VDC – 140 VDC power supply is a universal power supply adaptable for either 48 VDC or 125 VDC substation batteries.

A 120/240 VAC thermostatically controlled heater for humidity control is included as standard.

Refer to the Customer connections for DC power and AC voltage sensing section of this manual for incoming power wiring illustrations for the Form 6 yard mount recloser control.
Form 6 recloser control description

Description

The Form 6 yard mount microprocessor-based recloser control includes extensive system protection functionality, including phase, ground, and negative sequence overcurrent protection, over/underfrequency, and voltage protection, directionality, sensitive ground fault, and sync check.

Analysis tools include data profiler, fault locating, event recording, TCC Editor II, Idea Workbench, and oscillography functions, including oscillography replay.

Metering functions include demand and instantaneous current on a per-phase basis, instantaneous voltage and power factor on a per-phase basis, and power (real, reactive, apparent).

The front panel LCD display is used to configure the operating settings for the control. It is also used to display metering, counter information, control parameters, reset alarms, and provide diagnostic information.

Control parameters can also be programmed via a personal computer connected to the control through the front panel RS-232 port. Control programming, interrogation, and operations are performed with Form 6 ProView interface software on a personal computer.

The ProView interface program software includes additional functions used to create and graphically display Time Current Curves and provide the Idea Workbench for configuring user-selected inputs and outputs, configurable event and alarm data, and selectable communication points for serial communication.

The control operates on 50 and 60 Hz systems.

The control can be configured, by the factory or by the user, for a wide variety of applications. If user requirements change, the control functions can be modified to meet the new requirements.

Theory of operation

A functional block diagram of the Form 6 recloser control is shown in Figure 1. Current sensing is provided by three current transformers located in the recloser and interfaced to the Form 6 recloser control via control wiring. This wiring also supplies Trip, Close, and Recloser status, and connects to the Recloser Interface (RIF) module to provide isolation for reliable operation. Voltages for metering are connected to the analog input module.

Line current flowing through the recloser is converted by the CPU module to a digital signal suitable for metering and fault current calculations. Data sampling occurs at a rate of 64 times per cycle. The CPU contains a data acquisition section that uses the acquired samples to compute the fundamental currents and voltage for use in overcurrent, under/overvoltage, and under/overfrequency protection, as well as currents and voltages for metering functions. The current for overcurrent protection is calculated on a sub-cycle basis; it includes only the fundamental and DC component.

![Figure 1. Form 6 yard mount recloser control operational flow diagram](image-url)
When the phase or ground current exceeds its programmed minimum-trip value and associated time-current-curve (TCC) timing, the control initiates the programmed sequence of recloser tripping and reclosing operations via the CPU and RIF modules. If the fault is temporary, the control resets to the start of its operating sequence after a preset time delay. If the fault is permanent, the control performs its complete programmed sequence of reclose commands and locks out with the recloser open. Once locked out, the control must be closed via the operator panel or SCADA communications. This resets the control to the start of the operating sequence.

The following chain of events occurs for an operating sequence of two trips to lockout (one trip on TCC1, one trip on TCC2):

1. The overcurrent signal is integrated with time on the selected curve for the first trip operation (TCC1) to produce the signal which energizes the trip circuit.
2. Energizing the trip circuit connects the supply to the trip solenoid to open the recloser.
3. Upon opening, the control starts timing on the first reclosing interval-delay time.
4. Upon expiration of this reclosing interval-delay, a closing signal is issued from the control, closing the recloser, and selecting the time-current characteristics for the second trip operation (TCC2).
5. If current remains above the minimum-trip level, the recloser will trip on TCC2 and lockout the recloser.

**Control front panel**

The Form 6 control front panel is illustrated in Figure 2. The front panel is separated into two clearly identified, color-coded sections:

- The top portion of the front panel is used for programming the control and providing LED status indication.
- The lower portion of the front panel is used for operating the control and recloser.

The control includes a Power Save feature that will turn off the backlit LCD display and all LEDs (except Hot Line Tag) if no front panel keypad is pressed within ten minutes. Pressing the LAMP TEST key will re-activate the display and LEDs.

**Note:** The Power Save feature is a ProView interface software default setting. This feature can be disabled via the ProView interface software.

The control includes a Reset Menu feature that will cause the LCD display to revert to the root menu after ten minutes of inactivity.

**Note:** The ten minute timer and MMI Reset Menu is a ProView interface software default setting. The menu selection and timer can be changed via the ProView interface software.

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**Figure 2.** Form 6 recloser control front panel
Front panel text messaging

The LCD messages are accessed from the front panel by following the Text Messages menu path. This menu displays any active user-configured text messages.

Up to fourteen user-configurable text messages can be programmed via the Idea Workbench. Refer to Service Information S280-70-4 (ProView 4.X.X) or S280-70-21 (ProView 5.X.X) Form 6 Microprocessor-Based Recloser Control Programming Guide for information on programming the text messages.

These text messages appear on the front panel LCD and can be programmed to appear for alarm or other conditions.

Text messages displayed on the front panel are limited to four lines of 20 characters each (including spaces). Text messages can also be accessed by pressing the LAMP TEST one-touch analysis key on the front panel.

Programming panel

The Programming panel has the following sections:

One-touch analysis keys

There are eight analysis keys (Figure 3) that allow one-button access to a variety of control and monitoring functions that appear in the LCD display. Pressing these buttons causes the following information to display or function to occur:

- METERING: Displays the systems instantaneous metering values for current and voltage on the LCD display.
- RESET TARGETS: Resets the fault target indicators on the operator panel.
- EVENTS: Displays the last 25 events from the Sequence of Events log.
- LAMP TEST: All operator panel LEDs are illuminated for verification of proper connection and operating status of all indicator lights. All status indicators will then return to their previous state. While in the LAMP TEST mode, the control response to operator panel keys is disabled, except for the TRIP (LOCKOUT), CLOSE, and HOT LINE TAG switches.
- SETTINGS: Displays recloser settings on the LCD display.
- OPER COUNTER: Displays the total number of trip operations and target counters for each A, B, and C Phase; Ground, and Sensitive Ground on the LCD display.
- ALARMS: Provides status information on the LCD display for all recloser alarms.

CHANGE: Allows the user to change the state of the control functions on the operator panel function keys.

Note: The CHANGE mode is a ten second period in which one function setting can be changed. If no change is made in that time, the control returns to the current setting.

LCD display

The LCD Display is a backlit 4-line, 20-character display that provides extensive distribution system, recloser, and control status information using a minimum of eight navigation keypads (Figure 3).

Note: The LCD display panel contrast is field-adjustable to allow for various mounting heights and applications. Press the MENU key and then press the (+) or (–) key to increase or decrease the contrast.

The four LCD navigation buttons are as follows:

- MENU Identifies the LCD Display menu options.
- ENTER Selects a menu option.
- + Increases value selection.
- – Decreases value selection.

The four LCD menu function keys activate specific menu commands. When a command appears in the LCD display directly above one of the four LCD menu function keys, the user can press the key to accept/select the command.

The four LCD menu function keys are as follows:

F1 F2 F3 F4

The four cursor movement arrows allow movement in the following directions:

- < Moves the cursor left.
- > Moves the cursor right.
- ^ Moves the cursor up one line.
- v Moves the cursor down one line.

Figure 3. Analysis keys, LCD display, LCD menu function keys, and cursor movement arrows
Status indicator LEDs

The status indicator LEDs (Figure 4) in the Programming section of the Operator Panel give instant information on the control and recloser status:

- All of the default status indicators LEDs (except for CONTROL OK, CONTROL POWER, and ALARM) can be reconfigured via the Idea Workbench. Refer to Service Information S280-70-4 (ProView 4.X.X) or S280-70-21 (ProView 5.X.X) Form 6 Microprocessor-Based Recloser Control Programming Guide for additional information.

The label inserts can be user-customized. Refer to Using removable inserts section of this manual for additional information.

CONTROL OK: The green LED indicates the control is operating normally and not in an alarm state.

The CONTROL OK LED will not be illuminated during these alarms (indicated by the red ALARM LED and displayed in the alarm status log):
- RAM Failure: This alarm indicates a failed RAM memory test.
- ROM Failure: This alarm indicates a failed ROM memory test.
- Power Supply Malfunction: This alarm indicates internal control operation power was outside of its operating tolerance for more than 20 seconds. This alarm resets when the internal control operation power returns to operation within its normal tolerances.

CONTROL POWER: The green LED indicates there is adequate VTC voltage to trip the recloser. This LED does not indicate the presence of AC or battery power.

CONTROL LOCKOUT: The green LED indicates the control is in a locked out state, i.e. a reclosing sequence is not in progress. This LED does not indicate that the recloser is open.

RECLOSER OPEN: The green LED indicates the recloser is in the open position.

RECLOSER CLOSED: The red LED indicates the recloser is in the closed position.

Note: There are several conditions that will cause the alternate blinking of the CONTROL LOCKOUT, RECLOSER OPEN, and RECLOSER CLOSED LEDs: Failure to Trip, Failure to Close, Interrupter Malfunction, and 52a/b Disagreement.

The LED blinking pattern for these conditions is the CONTROL LOCKOUT green LED and RECLOSER CLOSED red LED alternating with the RECLOSER OPEN green LED.

In addition to the above LED blinking pattern, the red ALARM LED will also be illuminated for these alarms: Failure to Trip, Failure to Close, and Interrupter Malfunction.

A PHASE FAULT, B PHASE FAULT, C PHASE FAULT: The red LEDs indicate A, B, and/or C phase current was either the maximum phase current or within 20% of the maximum when a trip signal was issued.

GROUND FAULT, SENSITIVE GROUND FAULT: The red LEDs indicate a Ground and/or Sensitive Earth Fault tripping function was asserted at the time the trip signal was asserted.

ALARM: The red LED indicates an alarm has been issued. Review the alarm status and log on the LCD display for the specific alarm.

Note: If a Battery Alarm occurs, de-select the Pole Mounted Control checkbox in the ProView application software Configure>System Configuration dialog box. Refer to Service Information S280-70-4 (ProView 4.X.X) or S280-70-21 (ProView 5.X.X) Form 6 Microprocessor-Based Recloser Control Programming Guide for additional information.

ABOVE MINIMUM TRIP: The red LED indicates the current exceeds the level set for minimum trip.

FREQUENCY TRIP: Indicates the recloser tripped due to an under or over frequency condition.

VOLTAGE TRIP: Indicates the recloser tripped due to an under or over voltage condition.

A PHASE VOLTAGE, B PHASE VOLTAGE, C PHASE VOLTAGE: The red LED indicates a presence of voltage on the respective phases. The Single-Phase Undervoltage Pickup setting controls the voltage indication for the front panel LEDs as defined in the Voltage setting dialog box for the active setting profile. Refer to Settings-Voltage in the Schemes section of Service Information S280-70-4 (ProView 4.X.X) or S280-70-21 (ProView 5.X.X) Form 6 Microprocessor-Based Recloser Control Programming Guide.

INDICATOR 1, INDICATOR 2, INDICATOR 3, INDICATOR 4, INDICATOR 5, INDICATOR 6, INDICATOR 7, INDICATOR 8: Customizable LEDs that are used with functions programmed through the Idea Workbench. The LED indicators do not have active default values. The LEDs are illuminated when the status configured via the Idea Workbench is present.

Figure 4. Status indicator LEDs
Operating panel
The Operating section includes the following sections:

RS-232 configuration data port
The RS-232 connector (shown in Figure 2) on the front operating panel allows direct connection to a personal computer without any special cables or connectors. This port is used only for configuring the control with ProView application software. All settings, metering, events, and oscillography data are available from this port. The port is Data Communication Equipment (DCE) wired for direct connection to a personal computer.

A 9-pin RS-232 cable (Catalog Number KME5-66) to connect from the PC to the RS-232 data port is available as an accessory.

HOT LINE TAG ON/OFF toggle switch and LED indicator

WARNING
Hazardous voltage. Do not use Hot Line Tag as a substitute for a visible disconnect. Always establish a visible disconnect prior to performing any work requiring a de-energized line. Failure to comply may cause death, severe personal injury, or equipment damage.

Hot Line Tag is provided for live-line work applications. All closing operations are disabled when the Hot Line Tag feature is activated.

IMPORTANT
Hot Line Tag activation does not cause the recloser to trip open. It only prevents the recloser from closing.

IMPORTANT
Hot Line Tag is intended solely for live-line work applications, such as maintenance, repairs or improvements to the distribution system, that occur while the line remains energized.

Hot Line Tag prevents all closing attempts from the control and shifts protection to one trip-to-lockout on the composite curve of the Hot Line Tag definite time and the TCC1 curve (whichever is faster). Hot Line Tag takes precedence over Cold Load Pickup, Non-Reclosing, and Fast Trips Disabled.

Hot Line Tag is activated from either the operator panel toggle switch, serial communications, or a discrete SCADA function. All sources must be off to de-activate Hot Line Tag.

To activate the function from the operator panel, flip toggle switch up to the ON position. See Figure 5. The LED indicator illuminates when the function is active.

The Hot Line Tag function may only be reset by the source which initiates it. For example, if Hot Line Tag is activated at the operator panel, the reset function is only possible at the operator panel, and not via SCADA command.

IMPORTANT
If the power save feature is enabled (default), and more than ten minutes elapses since the last panel operation, all the LEDs, except HOT LINE TAG (if active), will turn off.

Close circuit disable
Close Circuit Disable (Figure 5) is a removable fuse that, when removed from the front operating panel, disables the close circuit from the control to the recloser. Removing the cartridge from the control disables all electrical closing of the recloser and provides a physical disconnect to the recloser closing circuit. As a result, the control cannot perform a close operation. This disconnect overrides all close functions and makes a remote or manual close operation impossible.

Note: When the Close Circuit Disable fuse is removed, the trip circuit remains active and will trip per the programmed time current curve for a faulted condition.

IMPORTANT
If the CLOSE button is pressed after the Close Circuit Disable fuse is removed, do not reinstall the fuse until after the ALARM LED illuminates (within approximately five seconds) to indicate CLOSE MALFUNCTION. Re-installing the Close Circuit Disable fuse prior to the CLOSE MALFUNCTION ALARM indication will cause the control to close the recloser.

TRIP (Lockout) pushbutton
The TRIP pushbutton (Figure 5) provides front-panel access to trip (lockout) the recloser. When pressed, the TRIP pushbutton opens the recloser and locks out the control. The TRIP pushbutton operates independent of the microprocessor and is directly connected to the trip coil circuitry in the recloser.

Note: In the event of main microprocessor failure, the trip circuit can operate independent of the main microprocessor.

CLOSE pushbutton
When pressed, the CLOSE pushbutton (Figure 5) returns the control to the initial or home sequence position, closing the recloser. The control is ready for the start of a new trip/closing sequence.

Note: The Close Malfunction alarm must be reset before closing will be allowed.

Note: Pressing the CLOSE pushbutton from the Lockout position initiates Cold Load Pickup (CLPU) protection, if the feature is enabled.

The user does have the ability to block COLD LOAD PICKUP through the LCD menu or by configuring one of the Option one-touch function keys via the Idea Workbench feature in ProView.
If the recloser is closed, pushing and holding the CLOSE pushbutton does not activate the Cold Load Pickup feature. See Cold load pickup in the Control features section of this manual.

Figure 5. TRIP (Lockout) pushbutton; CLOSE pushbutton; close circuit disable removable fuse; and hot line tag switch and hot line tag red indicator LEDs

One-touch function keys
Quick access to frequently operated Form 6 control features is provided with nine function key pushbuttons on the control operator panel.

The Form 6 control operator panel one-touch function keys are illustrated in Figure 6.

Figure 6. Operator panel function keys
Red LEDs located on each function key indicate the status of the function, regardless of local or remote activation. For example, if Ground Trip Blocked is activated from a SCADA signal, the red indicator will illuminate even though it was not activated from the operator panel.

Operator panel function key activation or de-activation requires the operator to first press the CHANGE key to enter the CHANGE mode. A function must then be selected or de-selected within ten seconds to activate or de-activate the function. Once selected, the control returns to normal operation until prompted for another change request. This prevents accidental changing of functions or features.

Note: Only one function can be changed per each CHANGE mode activation.

GND TRIP BLOCKED
The Ground Trip Blocked function blocks all ground sensing in the control for the active profile. This red indicator is illuminated when Ground Trip Block is activated from the serial port, I/O, the interface software, or locally (via the front panel) causing the control to block all ground sensing.

NON RECLosing
The control is operating in a non-reclosing mode when the NON RECLosing red indicator is illuminated. Non-reclosing mode disables any automatic reclosing operations. Non-reclosing does not alter the active TCC. Activation is possible from the SCADA port, I/O, the interface software, or locally (via the front panel).

SUPERVISORY OFF
When the SUPERVISORY OFF red indicator is illuminated, supervisory commands are blocked. Supervisory functions through the back panel serial communication ports and the discrete I/O are blocked. Serial communications through the front panel RS-232 port remain active independent of the status of the SUPERVISORY OFF switch. Activation of this function key is restricted to the operator panel and is accomplished by pressing the CHANGE key and then pressing the SUPERVISORY OFF key. Operational data and metering information are available while the control is in the SUPERVISORY OFF position. The TRIP and CLOSE pushbuttons and Hot Line Tag are active independent of the SUPERVISORY OFF function.

ALTERNATE PROFILE #1, #2, and #3
The Form 6 control has four separate protection profiles; a Normal profile, and Alternate Profiles 1, 2, and 3. Each profile changes all protection parameters for the control. Except for the normal profile, each has an indication and selection key. When the operator panel display lights are active and none of the three indicators are on, the normal profile is active. Only one profile can be active.

To select an alternate profile, press the CHANGE key and then press the desired alternate profile.

To return to the normal profile, press the CHANGE key and then press the active alternate profile to deselect it. These functions can also be completed remotely via communications interfaces.

IMPORTANT
Unused alternate profiles should be programmed with the same settings as one of the applicable profiles. Default settings on unused alternate profiles can cause unnecessary outages if they are below normal system requirements.

IMPORTANT
Check minimum trip values prior to changing an alternate profile to avoid misoperation of the control under load conditions.
OPTION #1, OPTION #2, AND OPTION #3

The OPTION #1, OPTION #2, and OPTION #3 function keys must be programmed via the ProView Idea Workbench software.

The OPTION LEDs are illuminated when the options configured via the Idea Workbench are selected. Refer to Service Information S280-70-4 (ProView 4.X.X) or S280-70-21 (ProView 5.X.X) Form 6 Microprocessor-Based Recloser Control Programming Guide for additional information.

These OPTION keys provide a momentary signal. For instance, these keys can be programmed to toggle control status, protective functions, or a momentary input pulse.

The OPTION #1, OPTION #2, and OPTION #3 function keys are intentionally not defaulted to any function. The functions are assigned to each OPTION key via the Idea Workbench application.

Control features

The Form 6 yard mount recloser control offers numerous standard features and accessories that allow the user the utmost flexibility applying the recloser control.

Control security

The Form 6 yard mount recloser control has multiple customer-programmable security codes to limit control programming and viewing function access to authorized personnel. The front panel Man-Machine Interface (MMI) includes a user-selected security code to access the settings. Plus, the ProView interface software has its own security levels for multiple-user access.

Refer to Service Information S280-70-4 (ProView 4.X.X) or S280-70-21 (ProView 5.X.X) Form 6 Microprocessor-Based Recloser Control Programming Guide for additional information.

Protection profiles

Four protection profiles capable of fully specifying control operation are standard in the control. Each protection profile includes the following as a minimum:

- Overcurrent protection.
- Over/undervoltage protection.
- Over/underfrequency protection.
- Directional protection.
- Hot line tag functionality.
- Sync check.
- Sensitive earth fault protection.
- Sequence coordination.
- Operation settings.

Time current curves

Time-current curves are available for numerous functions, including fast and delayed operations for phase, ground, and negative sequence protection. Each time-current is selected from a defined fifty curves which can be further customized by the user. The time-current curves are also selected from a graphical TCC Editor II to visualize any modifications prior to configuring the control.

The time-current curves include the following modifications for phase, ground, and negative sequence protection:

- Time Multiplier with a range of 0.1 to 25 in .1 increments.
- Time Adder with a range of 0 to 30 seconds in .01 second increments.
- Minimum Response Time with a range of 0.01 to 1 seconds in .001 second increments.
- High Current Trip multiplier with a range of 1 to 32 multipliers in increments of 0.1.
- High Current Trip Time Delay with a range of 0.01 to .150 second in .001 second increments.
- Time Dial Reset co-efficient with a range of .1 to 30 seconds in 1 second increments.

Sequence coordination

Sequence Coordination eliminates nuisance tripping through trip coordination. It allows the control to step through selected operations in the operating sequence without tripping. The number of Sequence Coordination advances is programmable from one to three operations to provide trip coordination with a downline recloser. This feature is independently selectable for each protection profile.

Cold load pickup

The control includes a Cold Load Pickup feature to prevent the control from tripping while energizing non-fault system loads. This feature has independently programmable minimum trip value time-current curve, reclose interval, and number of independent operations to lockout for each protection profile. Cold Load Pickup also includes TCC Multipliers, TCC Adders, Minimum Response Time, Time Dial Reset, and High Current Lockout. Also, direct values, not multiples of minimum trip, are provided for high current lockout.

Fast trips disabled

The control includes a Fast Trips Disabled feature to modify protection, so that all trip operations use the programmed TCC2. This feature is independently selectable for each protection profile. All trip operations will time on TCC2. Typically, TCC1 is fast and TCC2 is delayed. So, as an example, the control will change its sequence from 2 fast and 2 delayed operations to 2 operations on TCC2 when Fast Trips Disabled is active.
High current lockout
The High Current Lockout feature will automatically lockout the control on the selected operation when current exceeds a programmable level. The active trip numbers for the lockout is selectable for phase, ground, and negative sequence. This feature is independently selectable for each protection profile.

Sensitive ground/earth fault operation
The control has a Sensitive Ground/Earth Fault Trip feature that provides tripping of the recloser after a programmable, definite time for ground currents below normal ground minimum trip levels. The feature has programmable operations to lockout and reclose intervals independent of the ground settings. This feature is independently selectable for each protection profile.

Thermostatically controlled heater
The control includes a standard 15 (120 VAC) / 30 (240 VAC) Watt thermostatically controlled heater (ON 70°F, OFF 85°F) powered from 120 or 240 VAC input power. The heater is used for humidity control.

Metering
The control provides instantaneous and/or demand metering with programmable integration intervals for the following functions:

- Real and reactive power for each phase and total, including directional, on an individual phase basis.
- Demand currents on a per phase basis.
- Instantaneous currents, including ground current.
- Instantaneous voltage on a per phase basis.
- Instantaneous frequency.
- Positive, negative, and zero sequence voltages.
- Instantaneous power factor on a per phase basis.
- Metering settings to include demand interval, and alarm thresholds for current, single-phase kW, three-phase kW, single-phase kvar, and three-phase kvar.

Event recorder
The Form 6 control contains capabilities to perform Sequence of Events time-stamping for up to 33 event types. Sixteen additional inputs can be user-defined through the Idea Workbench. Factory-defined event types include:

- Overcurrent protection trip
- External trip
- Non-reclose trip
- External close
- Lockout
- Reset

The Event Recorder maintains a minimum of 90 event records. The last 25 events are viewable on the front panel LCD display. Refer to Service Information S280-70-4 (ProView 4.X.X) or S280-70-21 (ProView 5.X.X) Form 6 Microprocessor-Based Recloser Control Programming Guide for additional information.

Recloser duty monitor
The Form 6 recloser control software is equipped with a Recloser Interrupting Duty Monitor. The Duty Monitor accumulates the summation of $I^2t$ for all interrupted current on each interrupter. This feature permits programmable entries to preset the duty of an existing recloser. The recloser duty monitor displays interrupting duty in percent of duty used. If the duty cycle monitor exceeds 100%, the recloser should be examined for maintenance.

Discrete SCADA communications
The control provides five configurable output status contacts and three configurable input control contacts as standard. Each status contact is configurable using graphical interface software to combine status functionality along with Boolean algebra. Default output status contacts are: Lockout, Recloser Open, Recloser Closed, Ground Trip Block, and Hot Line Tag. One output status contact is a solid state output (SS1) with a pickup time no longer than two milliseconds.

The control also provides a minimum of three configurable input control contacts. Each control contact is configurable using ProView application software. Contacts accept a whetting voltage range of 9 VDC - 290 VDC, 7 VAC - 265 VAC based upon the option selected at time of order. Each digital input is configured for either a momentary, maintained, or maintained with precedence contact. Default input control contacts are Supervisory Trip and Lockout, Supervisory Close, and Remote Trip and Lockout.

A Discrete Interface Board is also available as an accessory to provide an additional eight output status contacts and eight input control contacts. The expansion I/O board is completely user-configurable.

TCC editor II
Coordination and actual time current modifications are available with a graphic interactive TCC Editor or similar graphical software.

The TCC Editor II includes a complete database of standard recloser industry time current curves (TCC), both ANSI and IEC types, along with the ability to customize the TCCs with multipliers, constant time adders, or minimum response time adders. Also, the user is able to derive their own specific TCC through data point entries. Each modified time current curve can be identified with a user-customized name and is selectable for configuring the control. The grid and format for presenting the TCCs has a user-adjustable scale, including the option of presenting multiple TCCs in various user-configured colors.
Oscillography

Oscillography is provided to present current and voltage waveforms, along with protection element and recloser response status changes. Filtered and unfiltered data are provided for viewing.

The recorded values are super-imposed on the protection scheme, and the state or value at any point in the scheme is displayed. The user has the capability to move through the event and watch the response of every function. All analog signals, digital inputs, and contact outputs are monitored. Analog oscillography is displayed at 16 samples per cycle.

Oscillographic data is recorded to analyze multiple events during a permanent fault or other event type. The oscillographic data shows two cycles before the trigger point and eight cycles after the trigger point (default).

Note: The configuration settings are programmable.

Oscillography automatically initiates trigger points for the following functions:

- Above minimum trip for phase, ground, and sensitive ground fault
- Single- and three-phase overvoltage
- Single- and three-phase undervoltage
- Over- and underfrequency
- Trip signal issued
- Close signal issued

Removable inserts

Removable inserts are included with the control design for customization of specific protection requirements. Inserts are available for the status indicator LEDs, the operator panel function keys, and the analysis keys. The removable inserts are designed for use without adhesives, labelmakers, or temporary labels.

An electronic label template is included on the ProView application software CD and can be accessed through the following default address: C:/Program Files/Cooper/ProviewXX/Form 6/Form 6 Inserts.doc.

Refer to Using removable inserts for more information.

Idea Workbench

The Idea Workbench provides access to various inputs, intermediate variables, and internal Form 6 alarms, status, and targets to allow user-customization of the Form 6 recloser control to meet specific and unique applications.

Idea Workbench also gives the user the ability to perform logical functions with these variables by using a simple graphical user interface. Use of Idea Workbench is not a requirement for operation.

Refer to Service Information S280-70-4 (ProView 4.X.X) or S280-70-21 (ProView 5.X.X) Form 6 Microprocessor-Based Recloser Control Programming Guide for additional Idea Workbench information.

Over/underfrequency protection

The control includes two-stage operation for both underfrequency and overfrequency protection. A fixed time delay ranging from 0 to 100 seconds in .001 second increments is available for both over and underfrequency. A frequency restoration function, enabled or disabled by the user, is provided to allow the recloser to automatically close should frequency return to within configured settings for a user-settable time. Over/Underfrequency protection is included as part of each protection profile.

Over/undervoltage protection

The control includes single-phase and three-phase undervoltage tripping. The control also includes three-phase overvoltage tripping. Both over and undervoltage functions include a single-phase and three-phase pick-up setting; a single-phase and three-phase time delay setting ranging from 0 to 100 seconds.

Directional

Directional functionality is included to maintain system coordination from multiple sources, as well as circuit reconfiguration for each profile. Directional applies to phase, ground, and negative sequence protection, selected independently. A maximum torque angle has a range of 0 – 90 degrees.

Fault location

The control includes an impedance-based fault locator based upon the Takagi algorithm. Load-compensated impedance calculation is used for calculating the distance. Positive and zero sequence is configured in ohms, and the fault locator line length is configured in kilometers/miles.

Sync check

Sync Check is a permissive system used to qualify any close signal to the mechanism when enabled via the sync check settings. Sync check allows for closing for any combination of dead/live bus/line, and to perform anticipatory closing for a live bus/live line condition by calculating slip and anticipating the mechanism closing delay. In addition to the anticipatory close calculation, the sync check system performs verification of line and bus voltage magnitudes and frequencies to determine that they
are within pre-determined ranges, and that the angular difference between the two systems is also within the pre-determined range. For a live/live close, where there is no slip between the systems, the sync check system allows permissive closing after the two systems are within frequency and voltage limits, and the angular difference between the systems has been within the allowable limits for a pre-determined time.

Sync Check functionality includes the following applications: Hot Line/Hot Bus Closing; Dead Line/Hot Bus Closing; Hot Line/Dead Bus Closing; and Dead Line/Dead Bus Closing.

Sync Check Parameter(s) include the following configurable settings: Voltage Angle; Mechanism Operating Delay; Static Angle Delay; Dead Threshold; Live Threshold; Positive Sequence Dead Threshold; Upper Voltage Limit; Lower Voltage Limit; Lower Frequency Limit; Upper Frequency Limit; and Fail to Close Timer.

Data profiler
A fully-configurable data profiler is available which allows the user to collect information by sampling data at selectable intervals. These time-stamped values can then be viewed to determine weekly load profiles, daily harmonic disturbances or hourly voltage fluctuations. The number of days of information the data profiler can provide depends upon configuration parameters.

Refer to Service Information S280-70-4 (ProView 4.X.X) or S280-70-21 (ProView 5.X.X) Form 6 Microprocessor-Based Recloser Control Programming Guide for additional information.

Manual close delay
Manual Close Delay provides a delay from the time that the manual CLOSE button is pushed to the time the manual close operation is performed.

The delay is programmable from 0 to 60 seconds in 1 second increments. A programmed delay value can be overridden for immediate closing by pressing the CLOSE button a second time.

An active Manual Close Delay can be canceled by pressing the TRIP/LOCKOUT button.

The default setting has the feature disabled (0 seconds). A countdown on the front panel LCD screen indicates Manual Close Delay is active.

Communications

Communication ports
The Form 6 control has two back panel communication ports and a front panel configuration data port.

The front panel configuration data port is described in the Operating panel section of this manual.

There is one standard 9-pin RS-232 and one optional communication port (RS-485, serial fiber, Ethernet wire or fiber or both) on the back operator panel, as well as a standard IRIG-B port for user time-syncing. See Figure 7.

Communication protocols
Four communication protocols are available for the Form 6 recloser control:

- Modbus
- DNP3
- 2179
- IEC870-5-101

One communication protocol can be selected for either the back panel RS-232 or the optional communication port.

All four protocols are selected and configured by the user with the ProView Communications Workbench application software.

Ethernet communications

- ProView over TCP/IP
- DNP3 over TCP/IP

Ethernet connection allows for network application of the Form 6 yard mount control for both DNP3 and ProView protocols. In addition, the front panel data port can simultaneously communicate ProView to the PC.

Ethernet configuration is accomplished via ProView interface software. Refer to Service Information S280-70-4 (ProView 4.X.X) or S280-70-21 (ProView 5.X.X) Form 6 Microprocessor-Based Recloser Control Programming Guide, Section 4: Schemes, Communicating with the Form 6 Control, for Ethernet Configuration information.

When a communication protocol is selected for the optional communication boards (serial fiber or the RS-485 serial port), the RS-232 serial port is defaulted to ProView interface software protocol.

DNP3 is factory-defaulted to the RS-232 port.

When a communication protocol is selected for the RS-232 serial port, the optional RS-485 or serial fiber optic board is not active.

The RS-485 or fiber optic serial ports do not support ProView interface software protocol.

The user can simultaneously communicate to the Form 6 control using both the front panel data port and the appropriate back panel serial communication port (provided the back panel RS-232 port or the Ethernet optional communications board is not configured to be ProView protocol).
Control information

Control information includes firmware identification by catalog number and name, date code, and ProView release number. Control information is available through the Settings menu on the front panel (Figure 2).

Figure 7. Form 6 yard mount recloser control back panel

Control back panel

The control back panel is easily accessible through the back door of the control cabinet (Figure 8) with readily identifiable communication ports and connections (Figure 7).

Installation procedure

Initial programming prior to installation

CAUTION

Equipment misoperation. Do not connect this control to an energized recloser until all control settings have been properly programmed and verified. Refer to the programming information for this control. Failure to comply can result in control and recloser misoperation, equipment damage, and personal injury.

IMPORTANT

Program all protection profiles. Unused alternate profiles should be programmed with the same settings as one of the applicable profiles. Default settings on unused alternate profiles can cause unnecessary outages if they are below normal system requirements.

The control must be programmed with all necessary operating settings, all alternate profiles, and parameters prior to operation with an energized recloser.

Note: Initial programming of the control is the responsibility of a qualified technician or engineer familiar with control functions and programming parameters required for the specific recloser installation.

The control must be programmed with the Form 6 ProView interface software. Refer to Service Information S280-70-4 (ProView 4.X.X) or S280-70-21 (ProView 5.X.X) Form 6 Microprocessor-Based Recloser Control Programming Guide for additional information.

Equipment misoperation. Check minimum trip values prior to changing an alternate profile. Failure to do so may cause misoperation of the recloser under load conditions.
Form 6 microprocessor-based yard mount recloser control

Figure 8. Form 6 yard mount recloser control is accessible from both the front and back of the cabinet.

Control/recloser compatibility

The Form 6 yard mount recloser control is adaptable to the following Eaton Cooper Power series reclosers:

WE*, WVE27, WVE38X, CWE, VWVE27, VWVE38X, VSA12, VSA16, VSA20, VSA20B, VSA20A, VSO12, VSO16, Auxiliary-Powered NOVA15, Auxiliary-Powered NOVA27, and Auxiliary-Powered NOVA38

*This control is not compatible with Form 1 Type WE reclosers below s/n 300 and RE reclosers below s/n 400.

Reclosers equipped with Type B sensing CTs are compatible with all Eaton Cooper Power series recloser controls (Form 2, Form 3, Form 3A, Form 4A, Form 4C, FXA, FXB Form 5, Form 5 LS/UDP, and Form 6 recloser controls), and are identified with the following label prominently displayed on the recloser sleet hood or the front of the operator cabinet:

**NOTICE**

RECLOSER IS EQUIPPED WITH TYPE B SENSING CTs.

RECLOSER DOES NOT HAVE A BATTERY CHARGER.

The Form 6 recloser control can be used with the old-style Type A CTs; however, the event recorder and duty cycle monitor will have limited accuracy for currents above 5000 Amps.

Retrofit kits with the new Type B sensing CTs are available to upgrade existing families of reclosers for operation with Form 6 recloser controls. For additional information, contact your Eaton representative.

For identification, Table 1 lists the serial number breaks between old-style Type A and the new-style Type B sensing CTs. Below this serial number, the recloser is equipped with the Type A CTs.

**Note:** For reclosers shipped prior to June 1989 and not listed below, contact your Eaton representative with the recloser type and serial number for verification of type A or B bushing current transformers.

### Table 1. Serial number break for reclosers with type A sensing CTs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recloser</th>
<th>Below serial number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RXE</td>
<td>5831</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RVE</td>
<td>5894</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WE</td>
<td>11199</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WVE</td>
<td>3695</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WVE27</td>
<td>7208</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WVE38</td>
<td>1204</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All VSA reclosers are equipped with Type A Sensing CTs.

All VSML reclosers are equipped with Type A Sensing CTs.

All VSA12, VSA12B, VSA16, VSA20, VSA20A, and VSA20B reclosers are equipped with Type B Sensing CTs.

All VWVE38X and VVE38X reclosers are equipped with Type B Sensing CTs.

All VSA12, VSA12B, VSA16, VSA20, VSA20A, and VSA20B reclosers are equipped with Type B Sensing CTs.

All VWVE38X and VVE38X reclosers are equipped with Type B Sensing CTs.
Duty cycle monitor

The Duty Cycle Monitor provides the following duty cycle information:

- Measures and records duty for each individual phase in non-volatile memory.
- The recloser duty is measured and stored on the basis of Current x Number of Operations for Each Phase (ANSI C37.61).
- Readout is based on a percentage of total duty cycle for each phase.
- Duty record can be adjusted or reset if recloser is changed-out, serviced, etc.

Using Table 2, select the appropriate recloser interrupting duty cycle factor and enter that value via the ProView interface software.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recloser type</th>
<th>Interrupting rating (rms sym Amps)</th>
<th>100% Duty cycle factor*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RXE, RVE</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WE</td>
<td>12,000 @ 4.8 kV</td>
<td>257</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WE</td>
<td>10,000 @ 14.4 kV</td>
<td>196</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VWE</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>1045</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VWVE27</td>
<td>8,000</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VWVE38X</td>
<td>8,000</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VVE27</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>1045</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VVE38X</td>
<td>16,000</td>
<td>1608</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VSA12</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>1045</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VSA16</td>
<td>16,000</td>
<td>1608</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VSA20</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>2248</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VSA20A</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>1045</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VSA20B</td>
<td>16,000</td>
<td>1608</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VSO12</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>1045</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VSO16</td>
<td>16,000</td>
<td>1608</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC NOVA</td>
<td>12,500</td>
<td>1111</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Duty Cycle Factor is Value x 10^6.

Locking the control

The handles on the Form 6 control cabinet are able to accept a padlock to prevent unauthorized access. For cabinets with the quarter-turn latch, the top handle has two locking holes provided depending on the diameter of the lock shackle being used. Refer to Figure 9.

- The smaller hole should be used for shackle diameters of .177-295”
- The larger hole should be used for shackle diameters of .295-394”.

Mounting the control

**WARNING**

This equipment is not intended to protect human life. Follow all locally approved procedures and safety practices when installing or operating this equipment. Failure to comply can result in death, severe personal injury, and equipment damage.

**WARNING**

Falling equipment. Use the lifting lugs provided and follow all locally approved safety practices when lifting and mounting the equipment. Lift the unit smoothly and do not allow the unit to shift. Improper lifting can result in severe personal injury, death, and/or equipment damage.

Mount the Form 6 yard mount recloser control in a convenient, accessible location in a substation yard. Mounting dimensions are provided in Figure 9. A hole and keyway in the control mounting bracket accommodates a 15.9 mm (5/8”) bolt.

Limits on control cable lengths are determined by the recloser type and the distance between the control and recloser: See Table 3 for available Form 6 yard mount recloser control cable lengths for Eaton Cooper Power series reclosers.
Figure 9. Form 6 yard mount recloser control weight, dimensions, and pad-lock shackle diameters

CONTROL WEIGHT 34 kg (75 lbs)

Note: Weight of one Form 6 yard-mount recloser control.

Note: Unless otherwise specified, dimensions shown in mm (inches).
Grounding the control

**WARNING**

Hazardous voltage. Recloser and control must be solidly grounded. Follow all locally approved procedures and safety practices when grounding this equipment. Improper grounding can result in contact with high voltage, which will cause death or severe personal injury.

The Form 6 yard mount recloser control must be solidly grounded prior to installation or energization. Refer to Figure 10 for grounding connections.

**Note:** Control grounding must comply with all locally approved procedures and safety practices that apply in a substation yard.

**IMPORTANT**

All external inputs to the Form 6 recloser control must be routed within 8 inches of their corresponding ground. During a surge, a potential of approximately 1.5 kV per foot can develop in the conductors. Differences between conductor and ground path lengths can add additional stress to the control components in the event of a power surge.

The control cabinet must be grounded. A grounding connector on the underside of the cabinet will accommodate No. 14 solid through No. 4 stranded conductors.

The recloser that the control will be connected to must also be properly grounded.

**Figure 10.** Grounding connections for a Form 6 yard mount control installed in a substation
Customer connections for DC power and AC voltage sensing

**DANGER**

Hazardous voltage. Do not connect potential transformer low-voltage secondaries to the control through cables or other wiring until the unit is installed in the field. Transformer high-voltage primary windings will become live when 120/240 VAC is applied to the control from an alternate source if the transformer secondary is connected. Failure to comply may result in severe personal injury or death.

**WARNING**

Hazardous voltage. Before applying power to the control, confirm that male pins of the input power receptacle are electrically insulated to prevent unintentional contact with 120/240 VAC voltage. Failure to do so may result in severe personal injury or death.

**NOTICE**

Equipment damage. Do not drill connection holes into the top of the cabinet. Connection holes in the top of the cabinet will allow moisture to seep into the control and damage the components or cause control misoperation. Failure to comply will void the control’s factory warranty.

---

DC power is connected to terminal block TB7, terminal positions 11(+) and 12(–).

*Note:* The label at TB7-11 and TB7-12 will display the user-specified input power option (24 VDC or 48/125 VDC). The control should be grounded as discussed in the *Grounding the control* section.

**AC voltage sensing**

AC power is required:

- To provide voltage and power metering.
- For the low voltage closing accessory.
- For the convenience outlet accessory.
- To power the thermostatically controlled heater.

**IMPORTANT**

Verify the label on the Form 6 yard mount recloser control matches the voltage of the substation supply prior to installation.

AC voltage input connections are connected to TB8 for Wye connections only. **Figure 12** illustrates three-phase wiring connections for source side connections and single-phase wiring connections for load side connections.

*Note:* Three-phase wiring connections for load side connections are not available.

**IMPORTANT**

Substation battery negative is not grounded in the control. The AC voltage inputs for both source or load side accept 120/240 VAC nominal. For single-phase source side AC voltage inputs, connections to AØ, BØ, or CØ are acceptable.

*Note:* The default wiring is connected to BØ.

**Terminal blocks**

Two terminal blocks are used for connection to the Form 6 recloser control. Both terminal blocks are fit for a #6 screw which can allow a maximum terminal size for a #10 AWG wire size.

Terminal Block TB7 provides DC power to the Form 6 recloser control and is directly connected to the power supply circuit board. TB7 is also used to provide AC voltage inputs for the heater and low voltage closing accessories. Terminal Block TB8 is used to connect sensing transformer voltage. The wiring of the transformers should follow the application illustrations per **Figure 12** and **Figure 13**. TB8 will accept a voltage input range of 90 – 265 VAC.

---

**Figure 11. Power connections terminal block TB7**

DC power

Input power to the Form 6 recloser control is connected to terminal block TB7 (**Figure 11**), which is located in the lower-right corner of the cabinet. Input DC power is required to power the control and recloser. The control requires DC station supply service for the main power requirements of both the control and the recloser.

The control requires the correct DC power supply for proper operation with the DC substation battery. The control has two power supply options based upon the following voltage ranges:

- 24 VDC ±20%
- 40 –140 VDC
Default factory wiring includes connection of two wires from Power Supply Terminal Block TB7 to the Metering Terminal Block TB8. See Figure 14.

The wiring from TB7-5 to TB8-3 and from TB7-7 to TB8-4 connects the sensing B phase voltage. If the incoming sensing voltage is not the B phase voltage, the lead wire needs to be moved to the appropriate location. See Figure 16 for A phase connections.

For A phase voltage sensing only, connect to TB8-1.
For C phase voltage sensing only, connect to TB8-5.

Figure 15 shows customer connections to TB8, 120 VAC Delta connection.
For 240 Volt, 3-wire transformer connection refer to Figure 17.

Note: Terminal Block positions TB7-5 and TB7-6 are factory-jumpered together.
Terminal Block positions TB7-7 and TB7-8 are factory-jumpered together.

AC power requirements
The transformer required for power is a minimum of 5 kVA for low-voltage AC closing reclosers and 1 kVA for high voltage AC closing reclosers.

Note: AC voltage is required for the internal cabinet heater and the 120 VAC GFI Duplex Outlet accessory.

The following are not functional for single phase AC voltage input:

- Directional Protection.
- Single-Phase Voltage Protection.
- Three-Phase Metering.
- Sync Check.

Recloser connections/control cable

![WARNING]

Hazardous voltage. Recloser and control must be solidly grounded. Follow all locally approved procedures and safety practices when grounding this equipment. Improper grounding can result in contact with high voltage, which will cause death or severe personal injury.

Eaton provides a control cable accessory (catalog number KA18ME). The control cable is fabricated with connectors which mate with the female receptacle of the recloser on one end, and the male receptacle of the control or junction box on the other end.

Several control cables are available based upon the recloser type and required distance between the recloser and control. Refer to Table 3 for available control cable lengths.

Note: The control cable must be supported along its length to prevent repeated movement due to wind or other outside forces which can damage the cable.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recloser type</th>
<th>Gauge</th>
<th>Meters</th>
<th>Feet</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WE, WVE27, WVE38X, VWE, WVE27, WVE38X, Auxiliary-Powered NoVA15, Auxiliary-Powered NoVA27, Auxiliary-Powered NoVA38</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>1.5 to 24</td>
<td>5 to 80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VSA12, VSA12B, VSA16, VSA20, VSA20A, VSO12, VSO16</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>1.5 to 7.5</td>
<td>5 to 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VSA20A, VSO12, VSO16</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>1.5 to 3</td>
<td>5 to 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Figure 12.** Three-phase transformer connection for voltage sensing and heater, wye configuration only (TB8 terminal block connection)

**Note:** Terminal Block positions TB7-5 and TB7-6 are factory-jumpered together.

Terminal Block positions TB7-7 and TB7-8 are factory-jumpered together.

---

**Figure 13.** Single-phase transformer connection, B phase input for voltage sensing

*Low Voltage Closing Accessory connects to TB7-1 and TB7-2.

**Note:** Terminal Block positions TB7-5 and TB7-6 are factory-jumpered together.

Terminal Block positions TB7-7 and TB7-8 are factory-jumpered together.

---

**DANGER**

Hazardous voltage. Do not connect potential transformer low-voltage secondaries to the control through cables or other wiring until the unit is installed in the field. Transformer high-voltage primary windings will become live when 120/240 VAC is applied to the control from an alternate source if the transformer secondary is connected. Failure to comply may result in severe personal injury or death.

---

**WARNING**

Hazardous voltage. Before applying power to the control, confirm that male pins of the input power receptacle are electrically insulated to prevent unintentional contact with 120/240 VAC voltage. Failure to do so may result in severe personal injury or death.
Figure 14. Default factory wiring connected to B-Phase voltage metering with B-Phase incoming supply

**Note:** Terminal Block positions TB7-5 and TB7-6 are factory-jumpered together.

Terminal Block positions TB7-7 and TB7-8 are factory-jumpered together.

**DANGER**

Hazardous voltage. Do not connect potential transformer low-voltage secondaries to the control through cables or other wiring until the unit is installed in the field. Transformer high-voltage primary windings will become live when 120/240 VAC is applied to the control from an alternate source if the transformer secondary is connected. Failure to comply may result in severe personal injury or death.

**WARNING**

Hazardous voltage. Before applying power to the control, confirm that male pins of the input power receptacle are electrically insulated to prevent unintentional contact with 120/240 VAC voltage. Failure to do so may result in severe personal injury or death.
Note: Terminal Block positions TB7-5 and TB7-6 are factory-jumpered together. Terminal Block positions TB7-7 and TB7-8 are factory-jumpered together.

DANGER

Hazardous voltage. Do not connect potential transformer low-voltage secondaries to the control through cables or other wiring until the unit is installed in the field. Transformer high-voltage primary windings will become live when 120/240 VAC is applied to the control from an alternate source if the transformer secondary is connected. Failure to comply may result in severe personal injury or death.

T371.2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Voltage Sensing Connections</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Source</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V (1-2)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 15. Customer connections to TB8, 120 VAC delta connection

Note: Terminal Block positions TB8-1 and TB8-6 are factory-jumpered together. Terminal Block positions TB8-2 and TB8-3 are factory-jumpered together. Terminal Block positions TB8-4 and TB8-5 are factory-jumpered together.

DC Voltage Required to Power Control

Figure 16. Modified wiring connected to A-Phase voltage metering with A-Phase incoming supply

Note: Terminal Block positions TB7-5 and TB7-6 are factory-jumpered together. Terminal Block positions TB7-7 and TB7-8 are factory-jumpered together.
**DANGER**

Hazardous voltage. Do not connect potential transformer low-voltage secondaries to the control through cables or other wiring until the unit is installed in the field. Transformer high-voltage primary windings will become live when 120/240 VAC is applied to the control from an alternate source if the transformer secondary is connected. Failure to comply may result in severe personal injury or death.

**WARNING**

Hazardous voltage. Before applying power to the control, confirm that male pins of the input power receptacle are electrically insulated to prevent unintentional contact with 120/240 VAC voltage. Failure to do so may result in severe personal injury or death.

**Figure 17.** 240 Volt, 3-wire transformer connection for voltage and sensing on B-phase. *YØ for sync check voltage*

Note: Terminal Block positions TB7-5 and TB7-6 are factory-jumpered together.

Terminal Block positions TB7-7 and TB7-8 are factory-jumpered together.

Before placing the control and the recloser into service

**CAUTION**

Equipment misoperation. Do not connect this control to an energized recloser until all control settings have been properly programmed and verified. Refer to the programming information for this control. Failure to comply can result in control and recloser misoperation, equipment damage, and personal injury.

Prior to placing the control and recloser into service, the following installation procedures must be properly completed and verified:

1. Removable insert labels changed. (Not required – user-preference option.)

Note: Refer to Using removable inserts section in this manual for more information.

2. Control properly mounted for the installation.

3. Recloser installed according to all locally approved standards and practices.

4. AC and DC disconnect switches installed.

5. Control wiring between control and recloser properly connected and supported.

6. Control and recloser properly grounded in accordance with guidelines in this manual and the applicable recloser manual.

7. DC power and AC voltage sensing connected to the control.
**Note:** The control Power Save feature will turn off the backlit LCD display and all LEDs if no front panel keypad is pressed within ten minutes.

8. All control programming entered and verified by appropriate personnel.

**Note:** Refer to Service Information S280-70-4 (ProView 4.X.X) or S280-70-21 (ProView 5.X.X) Form 6 Microprocessor-Based Recloser Control Programming Guide for additional information.

9. Customer connections for remote and supervisory operation checked and completed in accordance with proper shielding and surge protection.

**Standard default supervisory input control and output status contacts**

The standard Form 6 yard mount recloser control includes three control contact inputs and five status contact outputs. The standard default I/O terminal connections are identified in Figure 18. A discrete interface board accessory is available if additional I/O is required. The accessory includes eight control contact inputs and eight status outputs as identified in Figure 19.

All of the control inputs and status outputs are user-configurable via the Idea Workbench. To avoid configuration time, the most common control inputs and status outputs are included as default values. Refer to Service Information S280-70-4 (ProView 4.X.X) or S280-70-21 (ProView 5.X.X) Form 6 Microprocessor-Based Recloser Control Programming Guide for additional information.

**Shielding and Surge Protection of Supervisory Cables**

All supervisory operation and control monitor leads must be protected within shielded cables. Refer to Figure 20 (12-48 VDC whetting voltage option) or Figure 21 (48/125 VDC, 120 VAC whetting voltage option).

**NOTICE:** External leads must be shielded and the shield must be grounded at both ends. Terminate each lead with a 320 VAC, 150 Joules metal oxide varistor (MOV), or equivalent, at the remote end. Attach MOVs between the leads and ground. Failure to properly shield and protect leads can result in equipment damage and/or unintentional operation.

**Table 4. Operating whetting voltage and current requirements for the standard (TB1) and accessory (TB3) discrete interface boards**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Input voltage</th>
<th>Nominal current</th>
<th>Minimum operating time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9 VDC – 290 VDC,</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 VAC – 265 VAC</td>
<td>2.5 mA</td>
<td>5 milliseconds</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 5. Ratings table for output status contacts CO1 through CO12 (TB1, TB3, and TB4) (resistive load–pickup time 8 ms, dropout 5 ms)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Input voltage</th>
<th>Contact rating</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>120 VAC</td>
<td>8 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 VDC</td>
<td>8 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24 VDC</td>
<td>8 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48 VDC</td>
<td>1 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>125 VDC</td>
<td>0.4 A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 6. Ratings table for output status contact SS1 (resistive load – pickup time 2ms, dropout 15 ms) (TB1)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Input voltage</th>
<th>Contact rating</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>120 VAC</td>
<td>8 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 VDC</td>
<td>8 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24 VDC</td>
<td>8 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48 VDC</td>
<td>8 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>125 VDC</td>
<td>8 A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**IMPORTANT**

**Shielding and Surge Protection of Supervisory Cables**

All supervisory operation and control monitor leads must be protected within shielded cables. Refer to Figure 20 or Figure 21 as appropriate.

**NOTICE:** External leads must be shielded and the shield must be grounded at both ends. Terminate each lead with a 320 VAC, 150 Joules metal oxide varistor (MOV), or equivalent, at the remote end. Attach MOVs between the leads and ground. Failure to properly shield and protect leads can result in equipment damage and/or unintentional operation.
Figure 18. Form 6 yard mount recloser control Standard discrete interface board and default configurations. These default contact input/outputs are completely configurable via the Idea Workbench.
**IMPORTANT**

**Shielding and Surge Protection of Supervisory Cables**

All supervisory operation and control monitor leads must be protected within shielded cables. Refer to Figure 20 or Figure 21 as appropriate.

**NOTICE:** External leads must be shielded and the shield must be grounded at both ends. Terminate each lead with a 320 VAC, 150 Joules metal oxide varistor (MOV), or equivalent, at the remote end. Attach MOVs between the leads and ground. Failure to properly shield and protect leads can result in equipment damage and/or unintentional operation.

**NOTICE:** Whetting voltage is available from the Form 6 Recloser Control on Terminal Block TB5. Refer to Figure 20 or Figure 21, as appropriate.

*Relay Contacts shown for Indicated Status*

Figure 19. Form 6 yard mount recloser control Standard discrete interface board and default configurations. These default contact input/outputs are completely configurable via the idea workbench.
NOTES: Arrester to be metal oxide varistors (MOVs) 320 VAC, 150 Joules or equivalent.
External lead resistance must not exceed 200 ohms.
A Single common wire can be used for multiple inputs if it is jumpered at the I/O board terminals.
Shielding for Supervisory Cables should follow the representative input control contacts and output status contacts as shown.
Supervisory and Remote Functions are default functions.

Figure 20. Shielding and surge protection for supervisory and remote cables (12-48 VDC option)
Rear panel RS-232 communication port

NOTES:
- Arrester to be metal oxide varistors (MOV’s) 320 VAC, 150 Joules or equivalent.
- External lead resistance must not exceed 200 ohms.
- A single common wire can be used for multiple inputs if it is jumpered at the I/O board terminals.
- Shielding for Supervisory Cables should follow the representative input control contacts and output status contacts as shown.
- Supervisory and Remote Functions are default functions.

FORM 6 RECLOSER CONTROL

Supervisory Trip and Lockout CI3 7
Supervisory Close CI2 5
Remote Trip and Lockout CI1 3
Recloser Status 11 CO1

*Contacts shown with recloser in OPEN position.

Typical Customer Supplied Whetting Voltage
48/125 VDC or 120 VAC

Figure 21. Shielding and surge protection for supervisory and remote cables (48/125 VDC, 120 VAC option)
Table 7 indicates the pin assignments for the rear panel RS-232 communication port [Figure 22]. Refer to Figure 23 for pin identification.

Refer to Communication protocols for additional information. Refer to the Accessories section of this manual for additional communication options.

Table 7. Rear panel RS-232 communication port pin assignments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin number</th>
<th>Signal name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 DCD</td>
<td>Carrier Detect</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 RXD</td>
<td>Receive Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 TXD</td>
<td>Transmit Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 DTR</td>
<td>Data Terminal Ready (Not Connected)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 GND</td>
<td>Signal Ground</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 DSR</td>
<td>Data Set Ready (Not Connected)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 RTS</td>
<td>Request to Send</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 CTS</td>
<td>Clear to Send</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 NC</td>
<td>Not Used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 (Shroud)</td>
<td>Chassis Ground</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 22. Form 6 recloser control rear panel RS-232 communication port

Using removable inserts

⚠️ CAUTION

Control damage. De-energize both AC and DC power prior to removing or installing any internal connections or circuit boards in the control. Failure to comply can result in damage to the control.

⚠️ CAUTION

Equipment damage. Always wear a grounding wrist strap to control static electricity before handling circuit boards. Failure to use this strap may result in circuit board damage.

The front panel inserts can be changed, if desired.

1. De-energize both AC and DC power.
2. Use a flathead or 3/32" hex key screwdriver to unscrew the six front panel screws.

Note: Set the screws aside for later use.

3. Pull the right side of the front panel out towards the left (Figure 24).

Note: Various connecting wires will keep the panel attached to the control.

Note: It is not necessary to disconnect any wires.
4. Use tweezers to gently pull out the removable insert. 

**Note:** The insert will slide out of the right side of the operating panel (**Figure 25**).

**Note:** The insert will slide out of the top of the programming panel indicator section (**Figure 24**).

5. Change the existing label or slide in a new label with the name of the configured option.

An electronic label template is included on the ProView application software CD and can be accessed through the following default address:

C:/Program Files/Cooper/ProviewXX/Form 6/Form 6 Inserts.doc

**IMPORTANT**

Laminate the removable inserts prior to installing. This will seal the ink/toner and avoid damage to the front panel.

6. Gently push the removable insert from right to left into the right side of the operating panel (**Figure 25**) or down into the programming panel LED indicator section (**Figure 24**).

7. Place the front cover panel back onto the control. Use a flathead screwdriver to screw the screws back into the control and tighten all hardware completely.
Accessories
These accessories are available. Contact your Eaton representative for additional information.

Low voltage closing
The Low Voltage Closing Accessory utilizes 120 or 240 VAC for closing power (Figure 28, Figure 29, Figure 30, Figure 31, and Figure 32). Multiple low voltage closing accessories are available for reclosers equipped with low voltage closing. The low voltage closing accessories available for the Form 6 yard mount recloser control include the appropriate receptacles and wiring based upon the input supply voltage. Table 8 lists the available low voltage closing input/output receptacles and cables for the Form 6 yard mount recloser control.

Incoming power receptacles
The Incoming Power Receptacle allows the user to conveniently plug the power cable into the control, eliminating the need for hardwiring to the control. Various options are available based upon the input power voltage, and phase sensing requirements. Table 8 includes the available input receptacles and cables for the Form 6 yard mount recloser control. Refer to Figure 33, Figure 34, Figure 35, and Figure 36.

Cable locking sleeves
To prevent detachment of the control cable from the control cabinet by unauthorized personnel, a cable-locking sleeve (Catalog Number KME6-1772-1) is available to enclose the cable plug. The plug is passed through the sleeve and the sleeve is then fastened from inside the control cabinet. There is no access to the cable receptacle without opening the locked cabinet door and detaching the sleeve.

Table 8. Low voltage closing and input receptacles and cables

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Catalog number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>120 VAC low-voltage closing 2-pin input and 2-pin outlet receptacles</td>
<td>KME6-1838-A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>120 VAC low-voltage closing with 3-pin input and 2-pin output receptacles</td>
<td>KME6-1838-B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>120 VAC low-voltage closing with inlet hole and 2-pin outlet receptacle</td>
<td>KME6-1838-C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>240 VAC low-voltage closing with 2-pin input and 2-pin outlet receptacle</td>
<td>KME6-1838-D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>240 VAC low-voltage closing with 3-pin input and 2-pin outlet receptacle</td>
<td>KME6-1838-E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>240 VAC low voltage closing, for 2-wire with inlet hole and 2-pin output receptacle</td>
<td>KME6-1838-F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>240 VAC low voltage closing, for 3-wire with inlet hole and 2-pin outlet receptacle</td>
<td>KME6-1838-G</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>120 VAC or 240 VAC input receptacle, 2-pin</td>
<td>KME6-1838-H</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>120 VAC input receptacle, 3-pin</td>
<td>KME6-1838-J240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VAC input receptacle, 3-pin</td>
<td>KME6-1838-K</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DC power receptacle for Auxiliary-powered NOVA</td>
<td>KME6-1838-M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC Input Cable, 120 or 240 VAC, 2-wire for 2-pin input for use with KME6-1838-A, KME6-1838-D, or KME6-1838-H receptacles. Replace X with desired length. Select from 10 to 80 feet</td>
<td>KMA11ME1-X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC Input Cable, 240 VAC, 3-wire for 3-pin input for use with KME6-1838-E or KME6-1838-K receptacles. Replace X with desired length. Select from 10 to 80 feet</td>
<td>KME4-67-2-X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC Input Cable, 120 VAC, 3-wire for 3-pin input for use with KME6-1838-B and KME6-1838-J receptacles. Replace X with desired length. Select from 10 to 80 feet</td>
<td>KME4-67-3-X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low Voltage Closing Cable, 2-wire for use with KME6-1838-A, KME6-1838-B, KME6-1838-C, KME6-1838-D, KME6-1838-E, and KME6-1838-F, and KME6-1838-G low voltage closing receptacles. Replace X with desired length. Select from 10 to 80 feet</td>
<td>KA13ME1-X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Internal voltage sensing
A four-wire cable and input receptacle accessory (Table 9) is required for Type NOVA three-phase reclosers with the internal voltage sensing (IVS) option. Internal voltage sensors, located on the source side, indicate voltage magnitude within an accuracy 2% or better and a phase degree accuracy within 1.5 degrees (includes sensor, cable, and control). The 4-pin receptacle accessory is pre-wired to the voltage inputs on the control. Refer to Service Instructions S280-42-1 NOVA Three-Phase Recloser Installation and Operation Instructions for additional setting information.

Note: The internal voltage sensing accessory is compatible only with a Form 6 control that was purchased with the IVS option.

Table 9. Internal voltage sensing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Catalog number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Internal Voltage Sensing input receptacle, 4-pin</td>
<td>KME6-3799-1S</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Internal voltage sensing receptacle is only compatible with reclosers equipped with internal voltage sensors.

Note: The internal voltage sensing cable (KA97ME) is ordered with the recloser. If a replacement cable is required, contact your Eaton representative.
120 VAC GFI duplex outlet
The GFI Duplex Outlet (Catalog Number KME6-1776) is available for controls powered by 120 VAC or 240 VAC three-wire supply power. This convenience outlet is rated for 15 Amperes and is accessible through the front door in the control cabinet. The 120 VAC GFI Duplex Outlet is used for many applications such as power for the MET Tester, auxiliary measurement equipment, and supplemental lighting.

Cabinet ordering accessories
- AISI 304 stainless steel cabinet construction
- Three-point door latch

BCT terminal blocks accessory
The BCT Terminal Blocks (Figure 26) attach to the back of the control and provide a connection point for external 600:5 or 1200:5 multi-ratio bushing current transformers. BCT Terminal Blocks are available for both the load or source sides and include wire for all ratios of the BCT. Refer to Table 10.

Auxiliary terminal block accessory
An auxiliary terminal block and receptacle is available for three-stage auxiliary switch wiring. Refer to Table 10.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Catalog number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BCT shorting-type terminal block for (LOAD) bushings 2, 4, 6</td>
<td>KME6-1773-A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BCT shorting-type terminal block for (SOURCE) bushings 1, 3, 5</td>
<td>KME6-1773-B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terminal block and receptacle for wiring of three-stage auxiliary switch, KA542R3</td>
<td>KME6-1801-1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Discrete interface board (DIF) option accessory
A Discrete Interface Board Option accessory provides eight configurable input control contacts and eight configurable output status contacts (Figure 27). The ordering options include: Standard (3 inputs/5 outputs) or Additional (8 inputs/8 outputs).

Figure 26. Form 6 yard mount recloser control BCT terminal block accessory

Figure 27. Form 6 yard mount recloser control discrete interface board accessory
DANGER
Hazardous voltage. Do not connect potential transformer low-voltage secondaries to the control through cables or other wiring until the unit is installed in the field. Transformer high-voltage primary windings will become live when 120/240 VAC is applied to the control from an alternate source if the transformer secondary is connected. Failure to comply may result in severe personal injury or death.

WARNING
Hazardous voltage. Before applying power to the control, confirm that male pins of the input power receptacle are electrically insulated to prevent unintentional contact with 120/240 VAC voltage. Failure to do so may result in severe personal injury or death. T372.1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Voltage Sensing Connections</th>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Load</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>V (1-2)</td>
<td>V(3-4)</td>
<td>V(5-6)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 28. 120 VAC low-voltage closing 2-pin input and 2-pin output receptacles (KME6-1838-A) and 240 VAC low-voltage closing with 2-pin input and 2-pin output receptacle (KME6-1838-D)

Note: Terminal Block positions TB7-5 and TB7-6 are factory-jumpered together.

Terminal Block positions TB7-7 and TB7-8 are factory-jumpered together.
DANGER
Hazardous voltage. Do not connect potential transformer low-voltage secondaries to the control through cables or other wiring until the unit is installed in the field. Transformer high-voltage primary windings will become live when 120/240 VAC is applied to the control from an alternate source if the transformer secondary is connected. Failure to comply may result in severe personal injury or death.

WARNING
Hazardous voltage. Before applying power to the control, confirm that male pins of the input power receptacle are electrically insulated to prevent unintentional contact with 120/240 VAC voltage. Failure to do so may result in severe personal injury or death.

Figure 29. 120 VAC low-voltage closing 3-pin input and 2-pin output receptacles (KME6-1838-B)

Note: Terminal Block positions TB7-5 and TB7-6 are factory-jumpered together.

Terminal Block positions TB7-7 and TB7-8 are factory-jumpered together.
DANGER

Hazardous voltage. Do not connect potential transformer low-voltage secondaries to the control through cables or other wiring until the unit is installed in the field. Transformer high-voltage primary windings will become live when 120/240 VAC is applied to the control from an alternate source if the transformer secondary is connected. Failure to comply may result in severe personal injury or death.

WARNING

Hazardous voltage. Before applying power to the control, confirm that male pins of the input power receptacle are electrically insulated to prevent unintentional contact with 120/240 VAC voltage. Failure to do so may result in severe personal injury or death.

---

### Voltage Sensing Connections

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Load</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>V(1-2)</td>
<td>V1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V(3-4)</td>
<td>V(5-6)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**Figure 30.** 240 VAC low-voltage closing 3-pin input and 2-pin output receptacles (KME6-1838-E)

**Note:** Terminal Block positions TB7-5 and TB7-6 are factory-jumpered together.

Terminal Block positions TB7-7 and TB7-8 are factory-jumpered together.
Hazardous voltage. Do not connect potential transformer low-voltage secondaries to the control through cables or other wiring until the unit is installed in the field. Transformer high-voltage primary windings will become live when 120/240 VAC is applied to the control from an alternate source if the transformer secondary is connected. Failure to comply may result in severe personal injury or death.

**WARNING**

Hazardous voltage. Before applying power to the control, confirm that male pins of the input power receptacle are electrically insulated to prevent unintentional contact with 120/240 VAC voltage. Failure to do so may result in severe personal injury or death.

---

**Voltage Sensing Connections**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Load</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>V (1-2)</td>
<td>V1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V(3-4)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V(5-6)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 31.** 120 VAC low-voltage closing with inlet hole and 2-pin output receptacle (KME6-1838-C) and 240 VAC low-voltage closing 2-wire with inlet hole and 2-pin output receptacle (KME6-1838-F)

**Note:** Terminal Block positions TB7-5 and TB7-6 are factory-jumpered together.

Terminal Block positions TB7-7 and TB7-8 are factory-jumpered together.
**DANGER**

Hazardous voltage. Do not connect potential transformer low-voltage secondaries to the control through cables or other wiring until the unit is installed in the field. Transformer high-voltage primary windings will become live when 120/240 VAC is applied to the control from an alternate source if the transformer secondary is connected. Failure to comply may result in severe personal injury or death.

**WARNING**

Hazardous voltage. Before applying power to the control, confirm that male pins of the input power receptacle are electrically insulated to prevent unintentional contact with 120/240 VAC voltage. Failure to do so may result in severe personal injury or death.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Voltage Sensing Connections</th>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Load</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>V (1-2) V(3-4) V(5-6) V1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 32.** 240 VAC low-voltage closing with 3-wire with inlet hole and 2-pin output receptacle (KME6-1838-G)

**Note:** Terminal Block positions TB7-5 and TB7-6 are factory-jumpered together. Terminal Block positions TB7-7 and TB7-8 are factory-jumpered together.
Hazardous voltage. Do not connect potential transformer low-voltage secondaries to the control through cables or other wiring until the unit is installed in the field. Transformer high-voltage primary windings will become live when 120/240 VAC is applied to the control from an alternate source if the transformer secondary is connected. Failure to comply may result in severe personal injury or death.

**FIGURE 33. 120 VAC or 240 VAC 2-pin input receptacle (KME6-1838-H)**

**Note:** Terminal Block positions TB7-5 and TB7-6 are factory-jumpered together. Terminal Block positions TB7-7 and TB7-8 are factory-jumpered together.
DANGER

Hazardous voltage. Do not connect potential transformer low-voltage secondaries to the control through cables or other wiring until the unit is installed in the field. Transformer high-voltage primary windings will become live when 120/240 VAC is applied to the control from an alternate source if the transformer secondary is connected. Failure to comply may result in severe personal injury or death.

WARNING

Hazardous voltage. Before applying power to the control, confirm that male pins of the input power receptacle are electrically insulated to prevent unintentional contact with 120/240 VAC voltage. Failure to do so may result in severe personal injury or death.

### Voltage Sensing Connections

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Load</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>V(1-2)</td>
<td>V1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V(3-4)</td>
<td>V(5-6)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 34. 120 VAC 3-pin input receptacle (KME6-1838-J)**

**Note:** Terminal Block positions TB7-5 and TB7-6 are factory-jumpered together. Terminal Block positions TB7-7 and TB7-8 are factory-jumpered together.
**DANGER**

Hazardous voltage. Do not connect potential transformer low-voltage secondaries to the control through cables or other wiring until the unit is installed in the field. Transformer high-voltage primary windings will become live when 120/240 VAC is applied to the control from an alternate source if the transformer secondary is connected. Failure to comply may result in severe personal injury or death.

**WARNING**

Hazardous voltage. Before applying power to the control, confirm that male pins of the input power receptacle are electrically insulated to prevent unintentional contact with 120/240 VAC voltage. Failure to do so may result in severe personal injury or death.

### Voltage Sensing Connections

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Load</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>V (1-2)</td>
<td>V(3-4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V(5-6)</td>
<td>V1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 35. 240 VAC 3-pin input receptacle (KME6-1838-K)**

**Note:** Terminal Block positions TB7-5 and TB7-6 are factory-jumpered together. Terminal Block positions TB7-7 and TB7-8 are factory-jumpered together.
**DANGER**

Hazardous voltage. Do not connect potential transformer low-voltage secondaries to the control through cables or other wiring until the unit is installed in the field. Transformer high-voltage primary windings will become live when 120/240 VAC is applied to the control from an alternate source if the transformer secondary is connected. Failure to comply may result in severe personal injury or death.

**WARNING**

Hazardous voltage. Before applying power to the control, confirm that male pins of the input power receptacle are electrically insulated to prevent unintentional contact with 120/240 VAC voltage. Failure to do so may result in severe personal injury or death.

---

### Voltage Sensing Connections

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Load</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>V(1-2)</td>
<td>V1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V(3-4)</td>
<td>V2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V(5-6)</td>
<td>V3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**Figure 36. DC power for auxiliary-powered NOVA recloser (KME6-1838-M)**

**Note:** Terminal Block positions TB7-5 and TB7-6 are factory-jumpered together. Terminal Block positions TB7-7 and TB7-8 are factory-jumpered together.
Communication board accessories

The Form 6 yard mount control is equipped with a Communication Board Accessory (expansion bay) offering versatile support for modern communication media. Six distinct communication options (Figure 37) are available, providing two-way, real time digital communications with a remote terminal unit (RTU), wireless, telephone modem, Ethernet network, or other communication devices. The following options are available:

- No auxiliary communication card installed (standard).
- RS485 (isolated) Serial communication card.
- Fiber-optic-based Serial Communication Card (ST).
- 10/100 Base-T dual Ethernet communication card (2*RJ-45).
- 100 Base-FX dual Ethernet communication card (2*MTRJ).
- 10/100 Base-T, 100 Base-FX Ethernet communication card (RJ-45 + MTRJ).

The expansion bay based Communication Board Accessory concept offers high versatility with respect to communication medium and protocol support. Additional accessories are being continuously developed. Contact your Eaton representative for the latest information regarding particular media and communication protocol support.

RS485 serial communication card

The RS485 serial communication card accessory provides means for establishing asynchronous link-based digital communications with the Form 6 yard mount control. The Galvanic isolated (1000V DC) RS485 port uses a single shielded twisted pair connection and can support 32 devices in multi-drop configuration. Communication speed is controlled through software and can be set at: 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19.2k, and 38.4k. Modbus can also be set at 57.6k.

Digital communications must be programmed through the Communications Workbench to ensure proper operation of the RS485 communication card accessory. Refer to Service Information S280-70-4 (ProView 4.X.X) or S280-70-21 (ProView 5.X.X) Form 6 Microprocessor-Based Recloser Control Programming Guide for additional protocol support information.

Fiber-optic based serial communication card

The Fiber-Optic based Serial Communication Card offers means of establishing asynchronous (RS-232 like) digital communications through multi-mode fiber media. The use of the fiber-optic based serial communication card accessory can enhance communication reliability, and provides excellent electrical isolation thus protecting transmitted data from extraneous electrical interference.

An optional fiber-optic-to-RS-232D converter with DB-9 connector (Catalog Number KME6-1875-1) is available for interfacing between an optical signal and a hard-wired RS-232 signal, when required. This converter is compatible with loop (ring) and point-to-point (star) configurations.

A pair of industry standard ST type fiber-optic connectors are mounted on the back of the board enabling customer connection to a digital communication system using fiberoptic cables (customer supplied).

The fiber-optic link has separate receive (RX) and transmit (TX) ports operating at 820nm. Typical transmission distance is 2000m with 62.5/125μm multi-mode fiber. Consult your Eaton representative for availability of long haul solutions. Link communication speed is controlled through software and can be set at: 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19.2k, and 38.4k. Modbus can also be set at 57.6k.

The fiber-optic accessory must be programmed through the Communications Workbench for the appropriate protocol. Refer to Service Information S280-70-4 (ProView 4.X.X) or S280-70-21 (ProView 5.X.X) Form 6 Microprocessor-Based Recloser Control Programming Guide for additional information.

The fiber-optic based serial accessory includes TX and RX indicating LEDs for verifying communications along with an echo/non-echo switch for supporting ring/star fiber topologies.

When operated in a ring configuration, the toggle switch must be set in the ECHO position. In this mode, the fiber-optic card will repeat (pass through) all messages received on the RX fiber, and will respond to the Master station by first echoing the incoming command and then sending the response. This arrangement is best suited for creation of low cost multi device fiber loops. For reliable communications, the fiber loop system requires that all devices in the loop remain powered at all times, thus enabling unobstructed flow of information throughout the loop.

A more resilient system can be designed by using the fiber-optic ports in a point-to-point or multiple point-to-point (star) configuration. For this mode, the toggle switch must be set in the NON-ECHO mode. The Form 6 yard mount control will respond to the Master station by sending a response only (total separation of Receive and Transmit fibers). Additional hardware (fiber-optic star cou-pler) is required to support the multiple point-to-point device configurations.

Ethernet communication cards

The Ethernet communication card accessory brings the Ethernet network connectivity to the Form 6 yard mount recloser control platform. It is highly flexible, offering simultaneous support for multiple sessions, device management (ProView over TCP/IP) and SCADA communications (DNP3 over TCP/IP).

By natively supporting a set of widely accepted industry standards (TCP/IP, UDP/IP, OSI) the Ethernet communication accessory ensures seamless interoperability with other network devices.
The Ethernet communication card accessory is offered in 3 physical layer configurations (twisted pair and optical-fiber options) as shown in Table 11.

**Table 11. Ethernet communication card configurations**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Card configurations</th>
<th>Output connectors</th>
<th>Communication speed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>10/100 Base-T</td>
<td>2 * RJ-45</td>
<td>10 / 100MBps (auto switching)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>100 Base-FX</td>
<td>2 * MT-RJ</td>
<td>100MBps (full duplex)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>10/100 Base-T, 100 Base-FX</td>
<td>RJ-45 + MT-RJ</td>
<td>10/100MBps and 100MBps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>100 Base-FX</td>
<td>2 * LC</td>
<td>100MBps (full duplex)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Maximum link length is determined by the use of the particular physical layer implementation, and can be further constrained by the actual network configuration. In case of the 100Base-FX MT-RJ connector based implementation, maximum link length in excess of 2000m can be achieved with 62.5/125µm multi mode fiber. The fiber-optic link uses 1300nm wavelength, and can easily be interfaced to other 100Base-FX solutions (ST connector patch cord solution).

**Figure 37. Back panel ethernet and communication options**

The Ethernet communication accessory card is equipped with two physical ports configured to act as primary and standby LAN connections. Availability of the backup communication port enables creation of highly redundant Ethernet networks thus increasing the overall system reliability.

**Note:** Under normal network conditions, all communications will be channeled through the primary port (#1, Figure 37), with the standby port either logically disabled, or configured for fast automatic throw-over in case of the primary Ethernet link failure. Refer to Service Information S280-70-4 (ProView 4.X.X) or S280-70-21 (ProView 5.X.X) Form 6 Microprocessor-Based Recloser Control Programming Guide for additional Ethernet accessory configuration information.
Testing

CAUTION

Equipment misoperation. Do not connect this control to an energized recloser until all control settings have been properly programmed and verified. Refer to the programming information for this control. Failure to comply can result in control and recloser misoperation, equipment damage, and personal injury.

IMPORTANT

The Form 6 recloser control can be taken out of service for testing and placed back into service without de-energizing its recloser and interrupting the system. However, during the time the control is out of service, the recloser is inoperative.

Testing an installed control

The following tests to determine initial operation of the Form 6 yard mount recloser control can be performed while connected to an operating recloser.

Note: These are the only tests performed on an installed, operating control.

1. Verify operating status of all indicator lights by pressing and holding the LAMP TEST key for two seconds on the programming panel (Figure 38).

2. Check the operational values for currents, voltages, and other metering information.

Note: Scroll through the LCD display messages by pressing the \ and \ cursor movement arrows underneath the LCD display on the programming panel (Figure 38).

3. Check that the LED for Control OK is illuminated on the control operator panel (Figure 39). This indicates the presence of DC power.

Figure 38. Lamp Test button, LCD display, and cursor movement arrows

Figure 39. Control OK LED

Note: The control includes a Power Save feature that will turn off the backlit LCD display and all LEDs if no front panel keypad is pressed within ten minutes. Pressing the LAMP TEST key will re-activate the display and active LEDs.

All other tests described in this Testing section require the Form 6 yard mount recloser control to be removed from service, connected to a bypassed recloser, or tested at a location where the proper testing equipment is available. Refer to Remove the control from service for the proper procedure to remove the control from service.

Remove the control from service

IMPORTANT

Disconnect switches for AC sensing and power connections are necessary to isolate the Form 6 control for testing and servicing.

1. Enable GND TRIP BLOCKED to allow for ground trip to be disabled when re-energized.
   A. Press the CHANGE button on the Operator Panel to enter the CHANGE mode.
   B. Depress the GND TRIP BLOCKED button within ten seconds after entering the CHANGE mode.

Note: If the GND TRIP BLOCK button is not depressed within ten seconds, the function is not activated.

2. Remove DC power from the control using a separate disconnect switch.

3. Remove control AC sensing voltage from the control using a separate disconnect switch.

CAUTION

Hazardous voltage. Open CT secondaries can generate high voltages. Contact with CT pins of the disconnected cable can cause electric shock and may result in personal injury. Open recloser contacts and open disconnect switches before disconnecting control cable.
Form 6 microprocessor-based yard mount recloser control

**IMPORTANT**

Equipment misoperation. Disconnect all control power sources prior to disconnecting or reconnecting the control cable from the control. Failure to comply can result in recloser misoperation at the time of disconnection or reconnection of the control cable to the control.

1. Disconnect control cable from the control.
2. Remove any control input and status output wiring from TB1, TB3, and TB4 (Figure 7).
3. Disconnect any serial communications ports and IRIG-B timing connections (Figure 7).
4. Disconnect the ground from the control.
5. Carefully transport the control to a suitable service facility.

**Testing with type met tester**

The Eaton Cooper Power series Type MET electronic recloser control tester (Figure 40) is used for testing the following functions of the Form 6 recloser control:

- Overcurrent Timing.
- Reclose Time.
- Operating Sequence.
- Reset Time.
- Minimum Trip Current.
- High Current Trip and Lockout.

Performing all required checks and tests from a simple verification of operation to a complete verification of all operating parameters.

Refer to Service Information MN280067EN Type MET Electronic Recloser Control Tester Operating Instructions for proper setup and use of the MET Tester.

**Closing the recloser during testing**

**Electrical closing – solenoid-operated reclosers**

Line voltage is required for automatic recloser operation during testing of reclosers equipped with a closing solenoid (except for reclosers equipped with the low voltage closing accessory).

**WARNING**

Hazardous voltage. Interconnect source leads X and Y and ground solidly to the recloser tank (Figure 43). Do not connect lead Z to any other phase or mechanical ground. Dangerous voltages to ground exist on the phase connected to lead Z. Solidly ground all equipment. Failure to comply can result in severe personal injury and/or equipment damage.

For on-line testing, bypass the recloser, open the loadside disconnects and keep the source-side disconnects closed. This will remove the recloser from service, but will keep line voltage supplied to the closing solenoid (Figure 41).

**Figure 40. Type MET electronic recloser control tester**

The MET Tester is completely self-contained, capable of
Figure 41. Closing source-side switches of a bypassed “on-line” recloser provides closing solenoid power for automatic operation during testing

**WARNING**

Hazardous voltage. The switchgear (apparatus and control) and high-voltage transformer must be in a test cage or similar protected area to prevent accidental contact with the high-voltage parts.

Solidly ground all equipment. Failure to comply can result in death, severe personal injury, and equipment damage.

For shop testing, the closing solenoid voltage is supplied by back-feeding a transformer with a low-side rating equal to the voltage rating of an available power source, and a high-side rating equal to the voltage rating of the recloser (Figure 41). A 75 kA transformer of the proper voltage rating with an impedance drop of approximately 3% is satisfactory. The AC source must have a comparable impedance drop.

A test circuit for these solenoid-closed reclosers is shown in Figure 43. The following equipment is required for the recommended shop testing setup:

**Note:** Solenoid-closed reclosers equipped with a 120- or 240-VAC low-voltage closing coil accessory can be tested as shown in Figure 44.

- Variable Autotransformer T1, 230 Volts, 20 Amps.
- Low-Voltage transformer T2 to simulate fault conditions.

Ratio and size will depend upon the maximum current to be used. The recloser presents a low impedance to the transformer, so secondary voltage must be only high enough to force the required current through the secondary of the transformer and the recloser.

**Note:** An alternative method of providing the necessary current through the transformer is shown in Figure 42.

- High-Voltage T3 to operate the closing solenoid.

The closing coil requirement is approximately 200 kVA during the two-to-three cycle closing operation. The solenoid coil operating voltage must be maintained at the recloser bushings during the cycle interval the closing coil is energized. This procedure is not used on reclosers equipped with the low-voltage closing accessory.

- Ammeter with a rating based on the level of test current.
- Current-actuated timer.

**Note:** This test circuit can apply over 800 Amps to the recloser.

**Note:** Use at least 2/0 cable between bushings.

Figure 42. Alternate method of producing variable line current (substitute for T2 and W-X circuit in Figure 43 and Figure 44)
Electrical closing – motor-operated low voltage closing solenoid/auxiliary- powered NOVA reclosers

**WARNING**

Hazardous voltage. Solidly ground all equipment. Failure to comply can result in death, severe personal injury, and equipment damage.

High-voltage is not required for reclosers utilizing a motoroperated closing mechanism, low voltage closing, or auxiliary-powered NOVA recloser. For information on energizing the recloser, refer to the appropriate recloser installation manual. Low voltage supply can use either 120 or 240 VAC for input power. Check the name plate on the recloser to verify the correct closing power requirements.

**Figure 44** shows a test circuit for motor-operated, lowvoltage solenoid-closing, and auxiliary-powered NOVA reclosers. Since these reclosers require only a low voltage source for closing, high-voltage transformer T3 and its protective cage is eliminated. All other equipment is the same as the test equipment shown in **Figure 43**.

![Diagram of recloser control system](image)

*Indicates control cable receptacle pin/socket designation.

**Figure 43. Suggested test circuit for high voltage “shop-testing” solenoid-closing reclosers**
Figure 44. Suggested test circuit for motor-operated, solenoid-closing reclosers with low-voltage closing

Figure 45. Using a manual closing tool to operate the recloser
MANUAL CLOSING — SOLENOID-OPERATED RECLOSERS

**WARNING**

**Explosion hazard. Excessive Contact Arcing.**
Do not use the manual closing tool to close an oil-insulated energized recloser. Closing an energized oil-insulated recloser with a manual closing tool can cause excessive contact arcing, rapid build-up of gas within the equipment, and possible explosion that can cause death, severe personal injury, and equipment damage.

If high-voltage for operating the closing solenoid is not available, manual closing can be substituted for electrical closing. However, not all control settings can be checked since manual closing is not synchronized with the closing coil control circuit in the control.

Follow these steps to manually close the recloser:

1. Remove the closing tool port cover and gasket from the side of the recloser head casting.

**NOTICE**

**Equipment damage.** Do not turn the manual closing tool more than one-quarter turn clockwise. Forcing the tool beyond the mechanism stop may shear the pin on the closing shaft of the recloser.

2. Insert the tee-handled tool (available as an accessory) into the port, engaging the pin on the closing shaft (Figure 45).

3. Close the recloser by placing the yellow operating handle (located under the sleethood) into the up or CLOSED position and turning the closing tool one-quarter turn clockwise.

4. After each trip operation, about 1/2 second elapses while the closing solenoid plunger is moving upward to reset the main toggle latch.

5. After the main toggle latch resets, the recloser can be closed again by operating the manual closing tool.

6. Replace the gasket and port cover on the recloser head after testing has been completed.

**RETURN THE CONTROL TO SERVICE**

**WARNING**

This equipment is not intended to protect human life. Follow all locally approved procedures and safety practices when installing or operating this equipment. Failure to comply can result in death, severe personal injury, and equipment damage.

After the required work or testing is completed, follow this procedure to return the control to service:

1. Verify that all control settings are correct prior to installation.

**WARNING**

**Hazardous voltage.** Recloser and control must be solidly grounded. Follow all locally approved procedures and safety practices when grounding this equipment. Improper grounding can result in contact with high voltage, which will cause death or severe personal injury.

2. Connect the ground to the control.

**CAUTION**

**Hazardous voltage.** Open CT secondaries can generate high voltages. Contact with CT pins of the disconnected cable can cause electric shock and may result in personal injury. Open recloser contacts and open disconnect switches before disconnecting control cable.

3. Connect control cable to the control.

4. Connect control AC sensing voltage to the control via disconnect switches.

**CAUTION**

**Disabling GND TRIP BLOCKED.**

A. Press the CHANGE button on the Operator Panel to enter the CHANGE mode.

B. Depress the GND TRIP BLOCKED button within ten seconds after entering the CHANGE mode.

**Note:** If the GND TRIP BLOCK button is not depressed within ten seconds, the function is not activated.
Additional information

**CAUTION**

This equipment requires routine inspection and maintenance to ensure proper operation. If it is not maintained, it can fail to operate properly. Improper operation can cause equipment damage and possible personal injury.

Replacement kits

Replacement kits for the Form 6 yard mount recloser control are available through the factory Service Department. To order these kits, refer to the Replacement Parts price list for catalog numbers and pricing. Contact your Eaton representative for additional information and order procedures.

Factory-authorized service centers

Factory-authorized service centers are located throughout the continental United States to provide maintenance, repair and testing services for Eaton Cooper Power series controls and reclosers. For further information, contact your Eaton representative.

Factory testing and troubleshooting classes

The factory service department offers a basic testing and troubleshooting course for the Form 6 microprocessor-based recloser control. This course, taught by experienced service technicians, is held at the factory’s in-house training facility. For additional information, contact your Eaton representative.

Type MET recloser control tester

A 30-minute video program KSPV7 Type MET Electronic Recloser Control Tester Operation and Testing Procedures is available as a supplemental training aid for service personnel.