Manual 12/19 MN049007EN

ESR5-NO-21-24VAC-DC Safety relay





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Original operating manual

The German-language edition of this document is the original operating manual.

Translation of the original operating manual

All editions of this document other than those in German language are translations of the original operating manual.

1. Edition 2019, publication date 12/19 See revision protocol in the "About this manual" chapter.

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Editor: René Wiegand

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Eaton Industries GmbH Safety instructions

A

Danger! Dangerous electrical voltage!

Before commencing the installation

- · Disconnect the power supply of the device.
- Ensure that devices cannot be accidentally retriggered.
- Verify isolation from the supply.
- · Ground and short-circuit.
- Cover or enclose neighbouring units that are live.
- Follow the engineering instructions (IL) of the device concerned.
- Only suitably qualified personnel in accordance with EN 50110-1/-2 (VDE 0105 Part 100) may work on this device/ system.
- Before installation and before touching the device ensure that you are free of electrostatic charge.
- The functional earth (FE) must be connected to the protective earth (PE) or to the potential equalizing.
 The system installer is responsible for implementing this connection.
- Connecting cables and signal lines should be installed so that inductive or capacitive interference do not impair the automation functions.
- Install automation devices and related operating elements in such a way that they are well protected against unintentional operation.
- Suitable safety hardware and software measures should be implemented for the I/O connection so that a cable or wire breakage on the signal side does not result in undefined states in the automation device.
- Ensure a reliable electrical isolation of the low voltage for the 24 V supply. Only use power supply units complying with IEC 60364-4-41 or HD 384.4.41 S2 (VDE 0100 part 410).
- Deviations of the mains voltage from the nominal value must not exceed the tolerance limits given in the technical data, otherwise this may cause malfunction and dangerous operation.
- Emergency-Stop devices complying with IEC/EN 60204-1 must be effective in all operating modes of the automation devices. Unlatching the emergency switching off devices must not cause restart.
- Built-in devices for enclosures or cabinets must only be run and operated in an installed state, desk-top devices or portable devices only when the housing is closed.
- Measures should be taken to ensure the proper restart of programs interrupted after a voltage dip or failure. This should not cause dangerous operating states even for a short time. If necessary, emergency switching off devices should be implemented.

- Wherever faults in the automation system may cause damage to persons or property, external measures must be implemented to ensure a safe operating state in the event of a fault or malfunction (for example, by means of separate limit switches, mechanical interlocks, etc.).
- During operation, and depending on their degree of protection, variable frequency drives may have live, uninsulated, moving, and/or rotating parts, as well as hot surfaces.
- The impermissible removal of the required cover, improper installation or incorrect operation of the motor or variable frequency drive can cause the failure of the device and serious injury and/or material damage.
- Comply with all applicable national accident prevention regulations (e.g. BGV A3) when working with energized variable frequency drives.
- The electrical installation must be carried out in accordance with the relevant regulations (e.g. with regard to cable cross sections, fuses, PE).
- All transport, installation, commissioning and maintenance work must only be carried out by trained personnel (observe IEC 60364, HD 384 or DIN VDE 0100 and national accident prevention regulations).
- If applicable, systems in which variable frequency drives are installed must be equipped with additional monitoring and protective devices in accordance with the applicable safety regulations, e.g., the German Equipment and Product Safety Act, accident prevention regulations, etc. Making changes to the variable frequency drives by using the operating software is allowed.
- Keep all covers and doors closed during operation.
- When designing the machine, the user must incorporate
 mechanisms and measures that limit the consequences of
 a drive controller malfunction or failure (an increase in
 motor speed or the motor?9s sudden stop) so as to prevent
 hazards to people and property, e.g.:
 - Additional stand-alone devices for monitoring parameters that are relevant to safety (speed, travel, end positions, etc.)
 - Electrical and non-electrical safety devices (interlocks or mechanical locks) for mechanisms that protect the entire system
 - Due to the possibility of there being capacitors that are still holding a charge, do not touch live device parts or terminals immediately after disconnecting the variable frequency drives from the supply voltage. Heed the corresponding labels on the variable frequency drives

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O About This Manual

This manual applies to the ESR5-NO-21-24VAC-DC safety relay.

0.1 List of revisions

The following significant amendments have been introduced since previous issues:

Publication date	Page	Keyword	new	modifie	d deleted
12/19		First edition	_	=	-

0.2 Target group

This manual is intended for qualified personnel installing, operating, and maintaining the ESR5-NO-21-24VAC-DC safety relay.



CAUTION

Installation requires a qualified electrician

0.3 Additional documents

For further information, see the following documentation:

Instruction leaflet IL05013027Z2018_06

WARNING

Make sure you always use the latest documentation. It can be downloaded from the product at: www.eaton.eu/esr5

0.4 Abbreviations and symbols

The symbols used in this manual have the following meanings:

indicates actions to be taken.

0.4.1 Risk of material damage

CAUTION

Warns about the possibility of material damage.

0.4.2 Hazard warnings of personal injury



CAUTION

Warns of the possibility of hazardous situations that may possibly cause slight injury.



WARNING

Warns of the possibility of hazardous situations that could result in serious injury or even death.



DANGER

Warns of hazardous situations that result in serious injury or death.

0.4.3 Tips



Indicates useful tips.

0.5 Ordering data

ESR5-NO-21-24VAC-DC safety relay: Catalog No. 118700

1 Safety notes



WARNING

Risk of electric shock

During operation, parts of electrical switching devices carry hazardous voltages.

Before working on the switching device, disconnect the power. Please observe the safety regulations of electrical engineering and industrial safety and liability associations!

Disregarding these safety regulations may result in death, serious personal injury or damage to equipment.

Startup, mounting, modifications, and upgrades should only be carried out by a skilled electrical engineer!



WARNING

Risk of automatic machine restart!

For emergency stop applications, the machine must be prevented from restarting automatically by a higher-level control system.

Protective covers must not be removed when operating electrical switching devices.



WARNING

Danger due to faulty devices!

The devices may be damaged following an error and correct operation can no longer be ensured.

In the event of an error, replace the device immediately. Repairs to the device, especially if the housing must be opened, may only be carried out by the manufacturer or authorized persons. Otherwise the warranty is invalidated.

CAUTION

Risk of damage to equipment due to incorrect installation

For reliable operation, the safety relay must be installed in housing protected from dust and humidity (IP54).

Carry out wiring according to the application.

Refer to the "Application examples" section for this.

CAUTION

Risk of damage to equipment due to noise emissions

When operating relay modules the operator must meet the requirements for noise emission for electrical and electronic equipment (EN 61000-6-4) on the contact side and, if required, take appropriate measures.

2 Description

The ESR5-NO-21-24VAC-DC safety relay can be used for emergency stop and safety door monitoring as well as in safety circuits according to EN 60204-1.

With this switching device, circuits are interrupted in a safety-oriented manner.

Control is via a single channel or two channels, either with automatic or manual start circuit (PSR-ESM4 only).

Depending on the external wiring, up to category 4, PL e according to EN ISO 13849-1 or SILCL 3 according to EN 62061 can be achieved.

The safety relay is equipped with two enabling current paths and one signaling current path that drop out without delay according to stop category 0.

Features

- Emergency stop and safety door monitoring
- Suitable up to category 4, PL e (EN ISO 13849-1), SILCL 3 (EN 62061)
- Single-channel or two-channel wiring with cross-circuit detection
- Automatic or manual start circuit
- Plug-in screw terminal blocks

3 Operating and indication elements

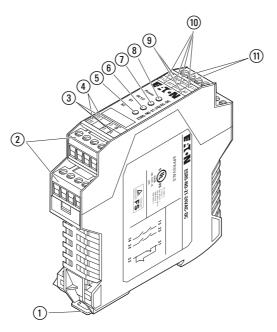


Figure 1: ESR5-NO-21-24VAC-DC

- 1 Metal lock for mounting on the DIN rail
- 2 COMBICON plug-in screw terminal blocks
- 3 13/14, 23/24 undelayed enabling current paths
- 4) 31/32 signaling current path
- **5** LED status indicator, green K2
- 6 LED status indicator, green K1
- ① LED status indicator, green IN1/2
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{(8)} LED status indicator, green Power \\ \end{tabular}$
- (9) A1, A2 supply voltage connection
- (10) S11, S12, S21, S22 input circuits
- (1) S33, S34 start circuit (activating circuit)

4 Basic circuit diagram

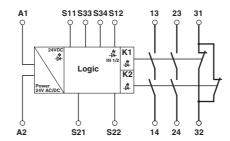


Figure 2: Block diagram

Designation	Explanation
A1/A2	Safety relay input voltage
S11/S12	Input circuit 1
S21/S22	Input circuit 2
S33/S34	Start circuit
13/14	Undelayed enabling current path 1
23/24	Undelayed enabling current path 2
31/32	Signaling current path

5 Derating

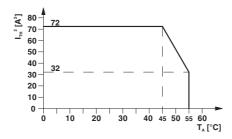


Figure 3: Derating curve

6 Diagnostics

○ – LED off

● – LED on

Table 1: Diagnostic description

	Power	IN1/2	K1	K2	Fault	Remedy
Connection/	0	0	0	0	Supply voltage not present.	Apply supply voltage.
voltage error	•	•	0	•	Supply voltage too low.	Adjust supply voltage.
Cross-circuit	0	0	0	0	Between both enable circuits S11- S12 and S21-S22. E.g., for emergency stop.	Remove cross-circuit.
	0	0	0	0	Between contact points A1 and A2.	
Short circuit	•	•	•	0	Between S11 and S12. Fault detection on next demand.	Remove short circuit.
	•	•	0	•	Between S21 and S22. Fault detection on next demand.	
	•	•	0	•	Enable contact(s) of K1 faulty.	
Fault with internal cause	•	•	•	0	Enable contact(s) of K2 faulty.	Replace safety relays.
internal cause	•	•	0	0	Enable contact(s) of K1 and K2 faulty.	

7 Application examples

7.1 Single-channel emergency stop monitoring

- Manual, monitored start
- Suitable up to category 1, PL c (EN ISO 13849-1), SILCL 1 (EN 62061)

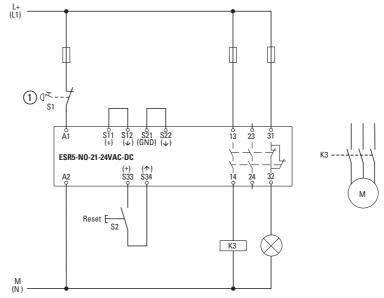


Figure 4: Single-channel emergency stop monitoring

 ${\color{red}\textbf{1}} \; \mathsf{Emergency} \; \mathsf{stop}$

7.2 Two-channel safety door monitoring

- Automatic start
- Cross circuiting detection
- Monitoring of external contactors
- Suitable up to category 4, PL e (EN ISO 13849-1), SILCL 3 (EN 62061)

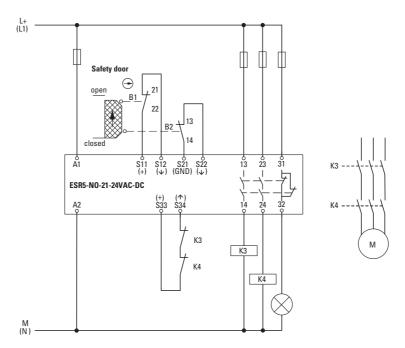


Figure 5: Two-channel safety door monitoring

8 Technical data

Input data	
Nominal input voltage U _N	24 V AC/DC
Input voltage range (factor)	0.85 - 1,1
Typical input current	140 mA AC 65 mA DC
Voltage at input/start and feedback circuit	~ 24 V DC
Max. permissible overall conductor resistance (Input and reset circuit at U _N)	\thicksim 50 Ω (Input and start circuits at UN)
Typical response time	100 ms (automatic start)
Typical release time	45 ms (single-channel)
Recovery time	1 s
Operating voltage display	Green LED
Status display	Green LED
Protective circuit	Surge protection Suppressor diode
Output data	
Contact type	2 enabling current paths 1 signaling current path
Contact material	AgSnO $_2$ + 0,2 μ m Au
Minimum switching voltage	15 V AC/DC
Maximum switching voltage	250 V AC/DC
Limiting continuous current	6 A (N/O contact)
Maximum inrush current	6 A
Inrush current, minimum	25 mA
Sq. Total current $(I_{TH})^2 = (I_1)^2 + (I_2)^2 + (I_3)^2$	72 A ² (see derating curve, → Figure 3, page 9)
Interrupting rating (ohmic load) max.	144 W (24 V DC, τ = 0 ms) 288 W (48 V DC, τ = 0 ms) 77 W (110 V DC, τ = 0 ms) 88 W (220 V DC, τ = 0 ms) 1500 VA (250 V AC, τ = 0 ms)
Maximum interrupting rating (inductive load)	48 W (24 V DC, τ = 40 ms) 40 W (48 V DC, τ = 40 ms) 35 W (110 V DC, τ = 40 ms) 33 W (220 V DC, τ = 40 ms)
Switching capacity min.	0.4 W
Mechanical service life	~ 10 ⁷ cycles
Switching capacity (360 cycles/h)	6 A (24 V DC) 5 A (230 V AC)
Switching capacity (3600 cycles/h)	3 A (24 V (DC-13)) 3 A (230 V (AC-15))
Output fuse	10 A gL/gG NEOZED (N/O contact) 6 A gL/gG NEOZED (N/C contact)

General data	
Relay type	Electromechanically forcibly guided, dust-proof relay
Nominal operating mode	100 % operating factor
Degree of protection	IP20
Min. degree of protection of inst. location	IP54
Mounting position	any
Mounting type	DIN rail mounting
Type of housing	Polyamide PA non-reinforced yellow
Air and creepage distances between the power circuits	DIN EN 50178/VDE 0160
Rated insulation voltage	250 V
Rated surge voltage / insulation	6 kV (Safe isolation, increased insulation
Pollution degree	2
Surge voltage category	III
Dimensions	
W x H x D	22.5 x 99 x 114.5 mm
Connection data	
Conductor cross section, solid	0.2 mm ² - 2.5 mm ²
Conductor cross section, stranded	0.2 mm ² - 2.5 mm ²
Conductor cross section AWG/kcmil	24 - 12
Stripping length	7 mm
Ambient conditions	
Ambient temperature (operation)	-20 °C - 55 °C
Ambient temperature (storage/transport)	-40 °C - 70 °C
Max. permissible relative humidity (operation)	75 %
Max. permissible humidity (storage/transport)	75 %
Certification / Approvals	

Approvals







Safety data	
Stop category according to IEC 60204	0
Safety parameters for IEC 61508 - High demand ¹⁾	
SIL	3
PFH _d	5.05 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ per hour
Demand rate	< 12 months
Proof test interval	240 months
Duration of use	240 months

Safety parameters for IEC 61508 - Low demand ¹⁾		
SIL	3	
MTTF _d	19629 years	
PFD _{avg}	1.37 x 10 ⁻⁴	
Proof test interval	66 months	
Safety characteristic data according to EN ISO 13	B491)	
Category	4	
Performance Level	е	
CCF	Passed	

¹⁾ Valid up to 8760 cycles per year

9 Glossary

Abbreviation	Explanation	
AOPD	Active optoelectronic protective device Device with a sensor function that is generated by optoelectronic transmit and receive elements, which detects the interruption of optical radiation generated in the device by an opaque object located in the specified protective field (or for a photoelectric barrier on the axis of the light beam). In DIN EN 692 (mechanical presses), DIN EN 693 (hydraulic presses), and EN 12622	
	(hydraulic trimming presses), the abbreviation AOS is used as a synonym for AOPD.	
AOPDDR	Active optoelectronic protective device responsive to diffuse reflection Device with a sensor function that is generated by optoelectronic transmit and receive elements, which detects the diffuse reflection of optical radiation generated in the device by an object located in a protective field specified in two dimensions.	
Cat. / Category	Classification of the resistance to faults according to EN ISO 13849-1.	
CCF	Common cause failure	
DC	Diagnostic coverage	
ESPE	Electro-sensitive protective equipment	
Mission Time T _M	Duration of use	
MTTF / MTTF _d	Mean time to failure / mean time to dangerous failure	
PFD	Probability of failure on demand (low demand)	
PFH _d	Average frequency of a dangerous failure per hour	
PL	Performance level Classification of the ability of safety functions to meet a safety demand	
SIL	Safety integrity level	
SILCL	SIL claim limit	
SRCF	Safety-related control function	
SRECS	Safety-related electrical control system (Safety-related electrical, electronic, and programmable electronic control system)	
SRP	Safety-related part	
SRP/CS	Safety-related parts of control system	